



Stream
ENGINEERING

Efficient nonlinear multi-scale modeling of composite structures

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Efficient nonlinear multi-scale modeling of composite structures

∞ Agenda

- ✓ e-Xstream engineering

- ✓ DIGIMAT
 - Technology
 - Applications
 - CPU & Robustness

- ✓ DIGIMAT future
 - CPU
 - LS-DYNA Implicit
 - Continuous fibers & drapage



e-Xstream engineering

The company

- ✓ Founded in 2003

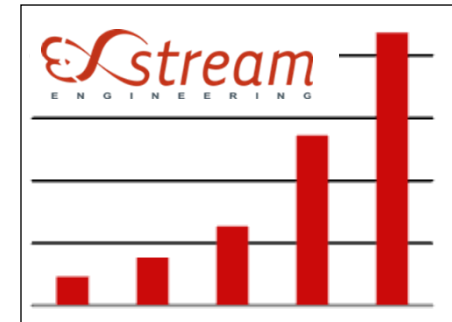
The Business:

- ✓ Simulation Software & Services
- ✓ 100% focused on material modeling

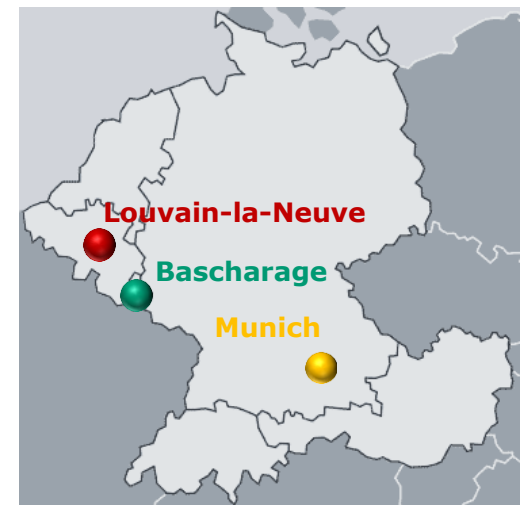
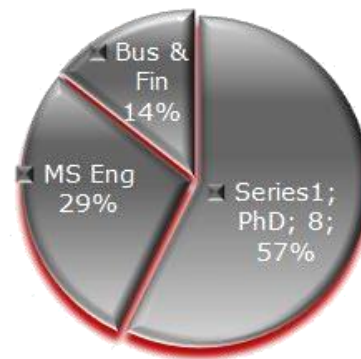
The team

- ✓ Strong & highly motivated
- ✓ High level of education

The product



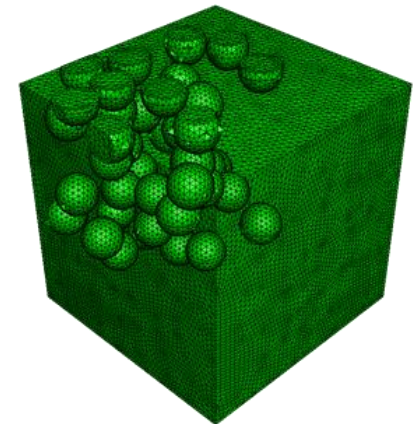
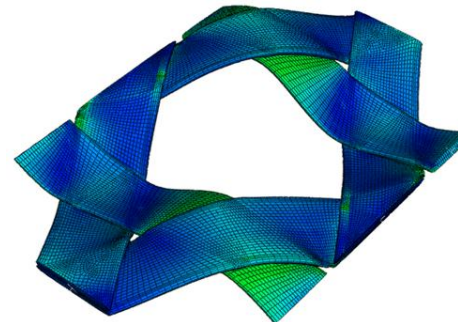
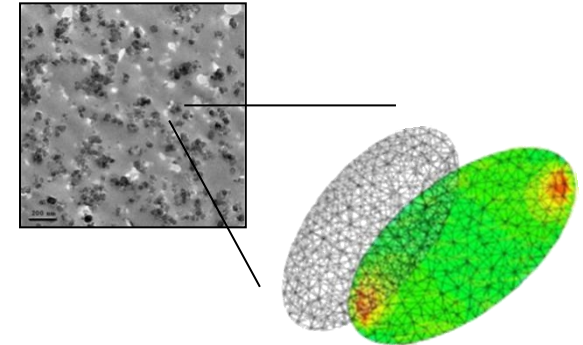
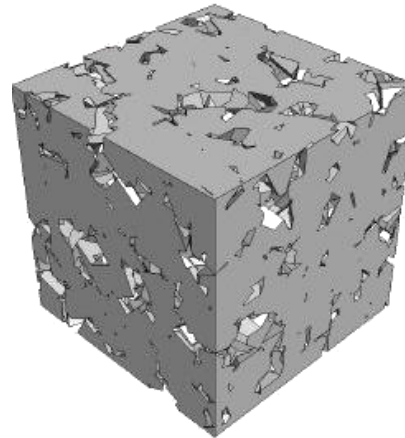
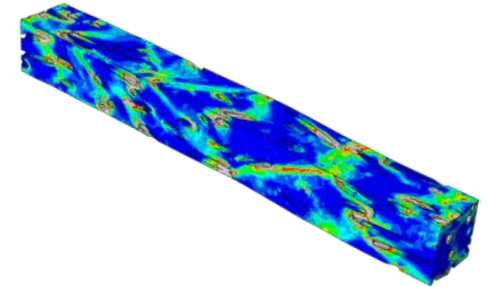
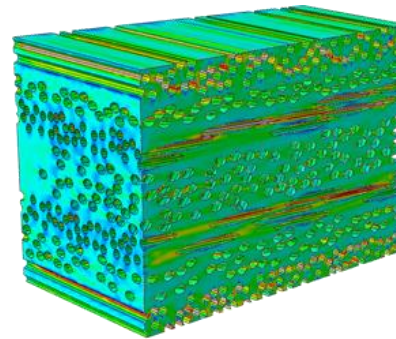
- **Belgium**
- **Luxembourg**
- **Germany**
- **U.S.**





Composites

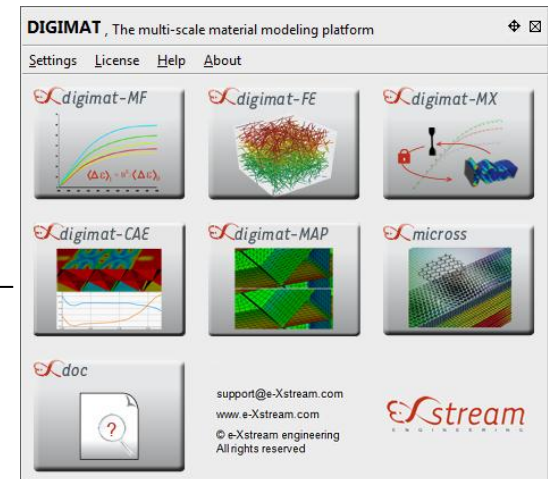
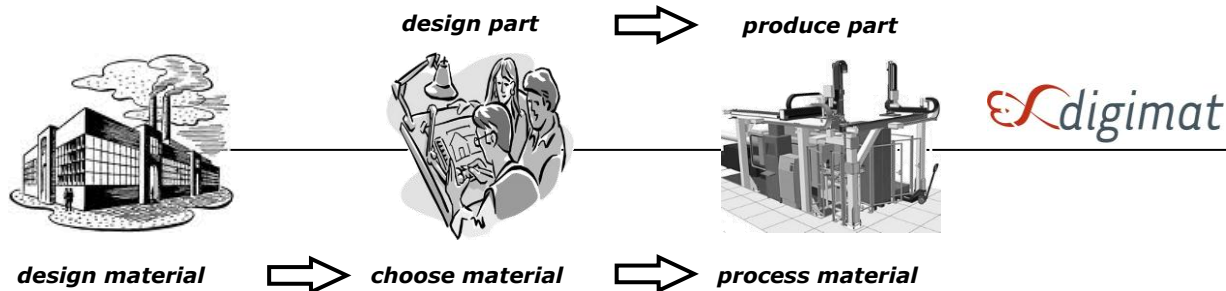
- ✓ Fiber reinforced polymers
 - Short fiber
 - Long fiber
 - Endless fiber
- ✓ Rubber
 - Particle reinforced
- ✓ Hard metals
- ✓ Ceramics
- ✓ Woven composites
- ✓ Nano



∞ Integration is key to productivity

∞ Integrate simulation early in the development cycle

- ✓ Save cost
- ✓ Drive innovation
- ✓ Improve time to market
- ✓ Improve quality of products

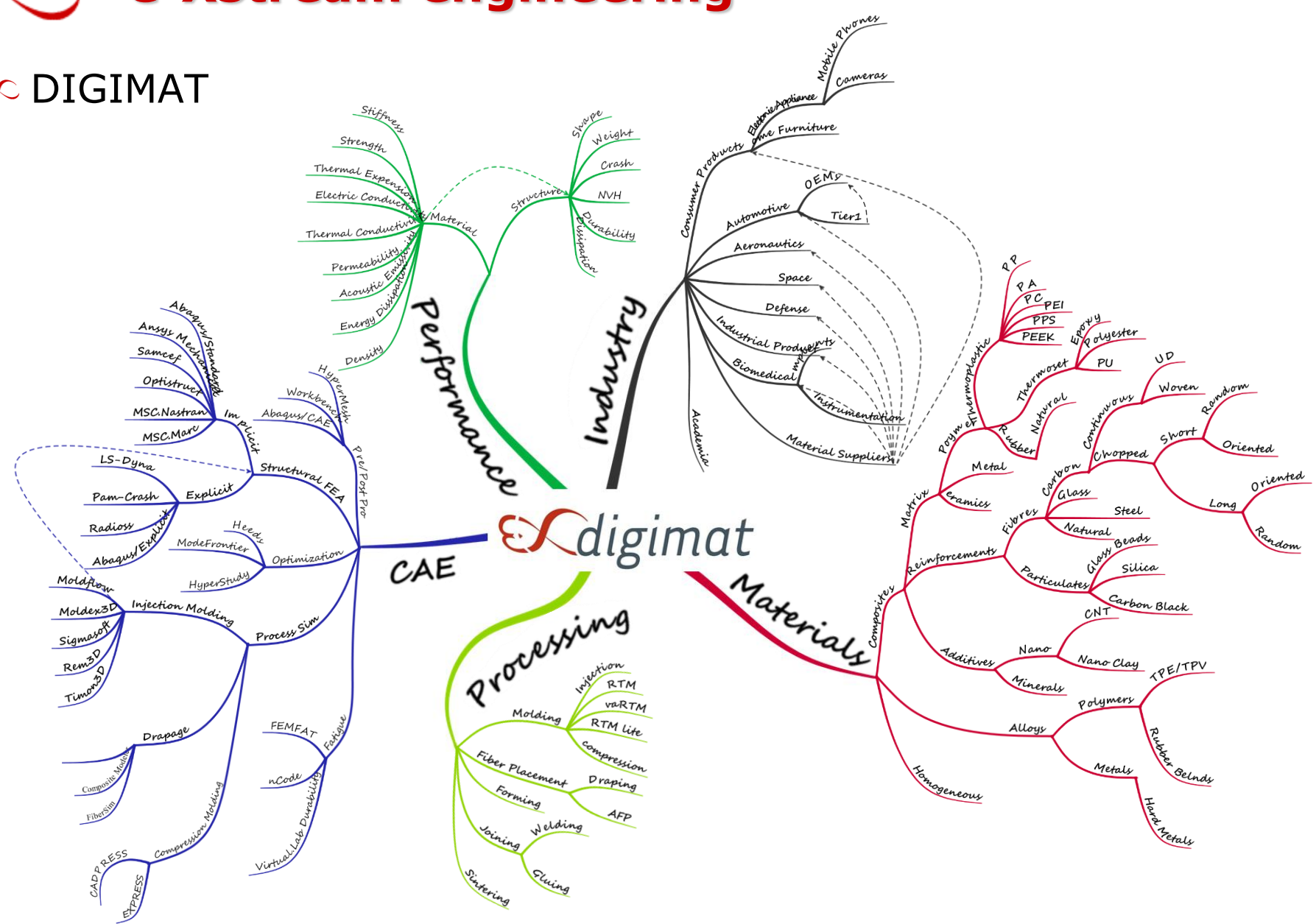


- ✓ Integrate the solution in one platform
 - DIGIMAT is a fully consistent multi-scale simulation platform
- ✓ Integrate the solution in the existing environment
 - DIGIMAT offers interfaces to all widely used FEM software



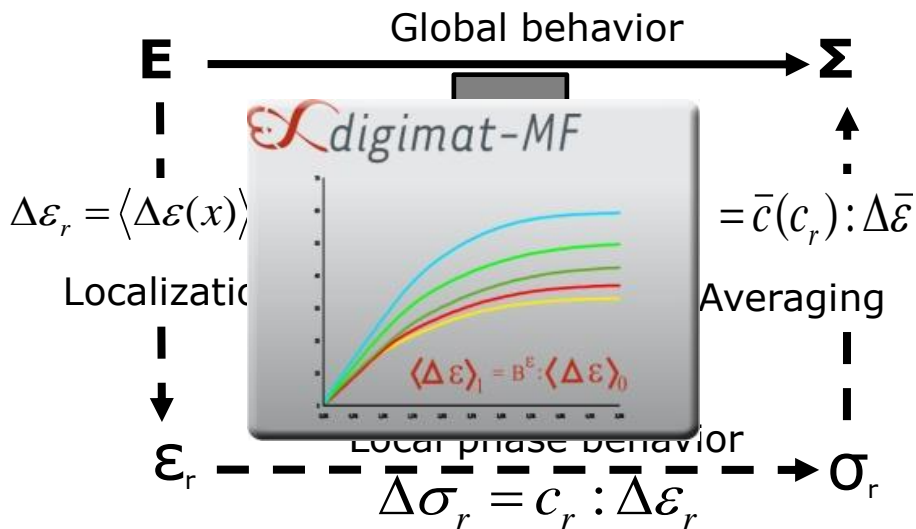
e-Xstream engineering

DIGIMAT





Basic methodology

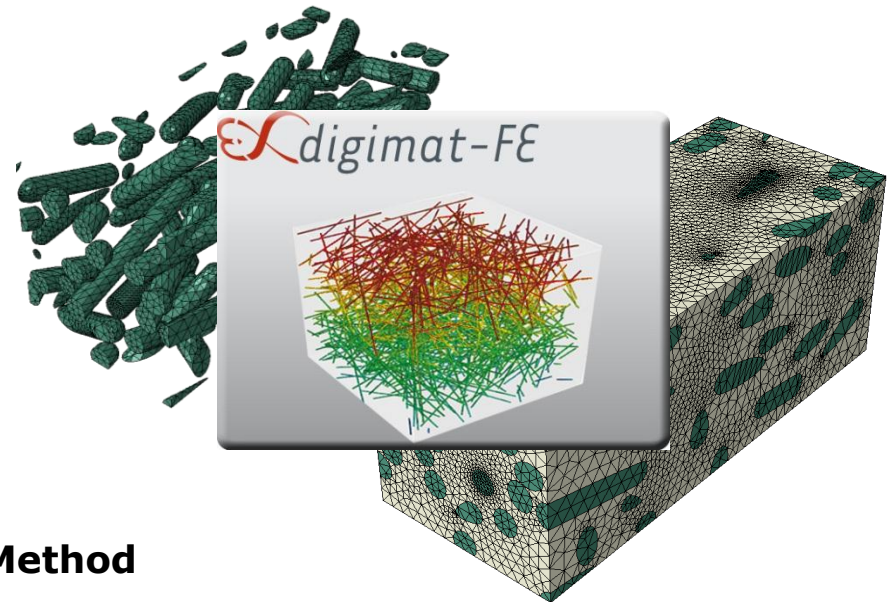


Method

- Ellipsoidal inclusions
- Uniformly distributed inclusions
- Average per phase (micro) results

Benefits

- Fast model preparation/solution
- Fully coupled multi-scale analyses
- Nonlinear material properties



Method

- RVE generation
- FE model (mesh optimization, CPU...)
- Uncoupled multi-scale analyses

Benefits

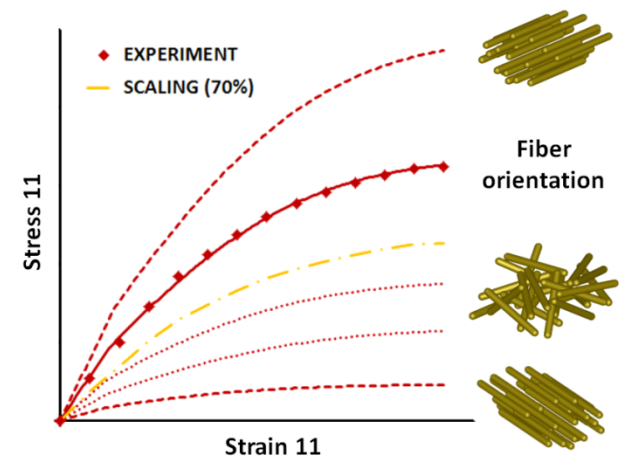
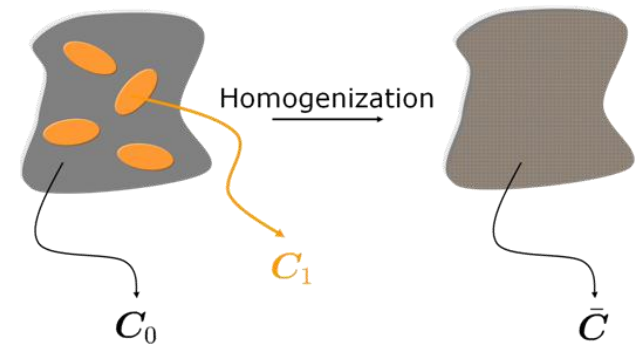
- Accurate predictions at the micro scale
- Complex inclusion shapes (non ellipsoidal)
- Explicit modelling of clustering & percolation



DIGIMAT Technology

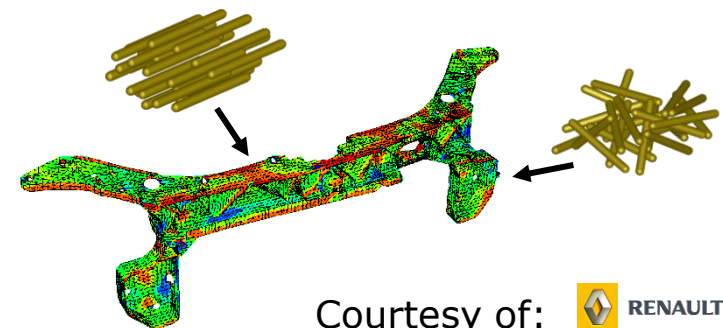
digimat-MF

- ✓ Central technology for structural engineering
- ✓ Mean-field homogenization
 - The trick
 - Separation of matrix & filler properties
 - Added information about the material microstructure
 - The result
 - Material models sensitive to the microstructure



digimat-CAE

- ✓ Interfaces to external FEA software
 - To read in microstructure data
 - To connect the Digimat-MF material description to FE solvers



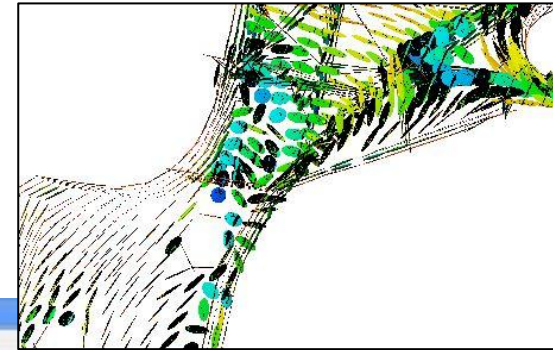
Courtesy of: RENAULT



digimat-MAP

- ✓ Mapping software
 - To transfer data between dissimilar meshes

Local fiber orientations





DIGIMAT Technology

digimat-MX

- ✓ Material eXchange platform



- ✓ Exchange of DIGIMAT material models

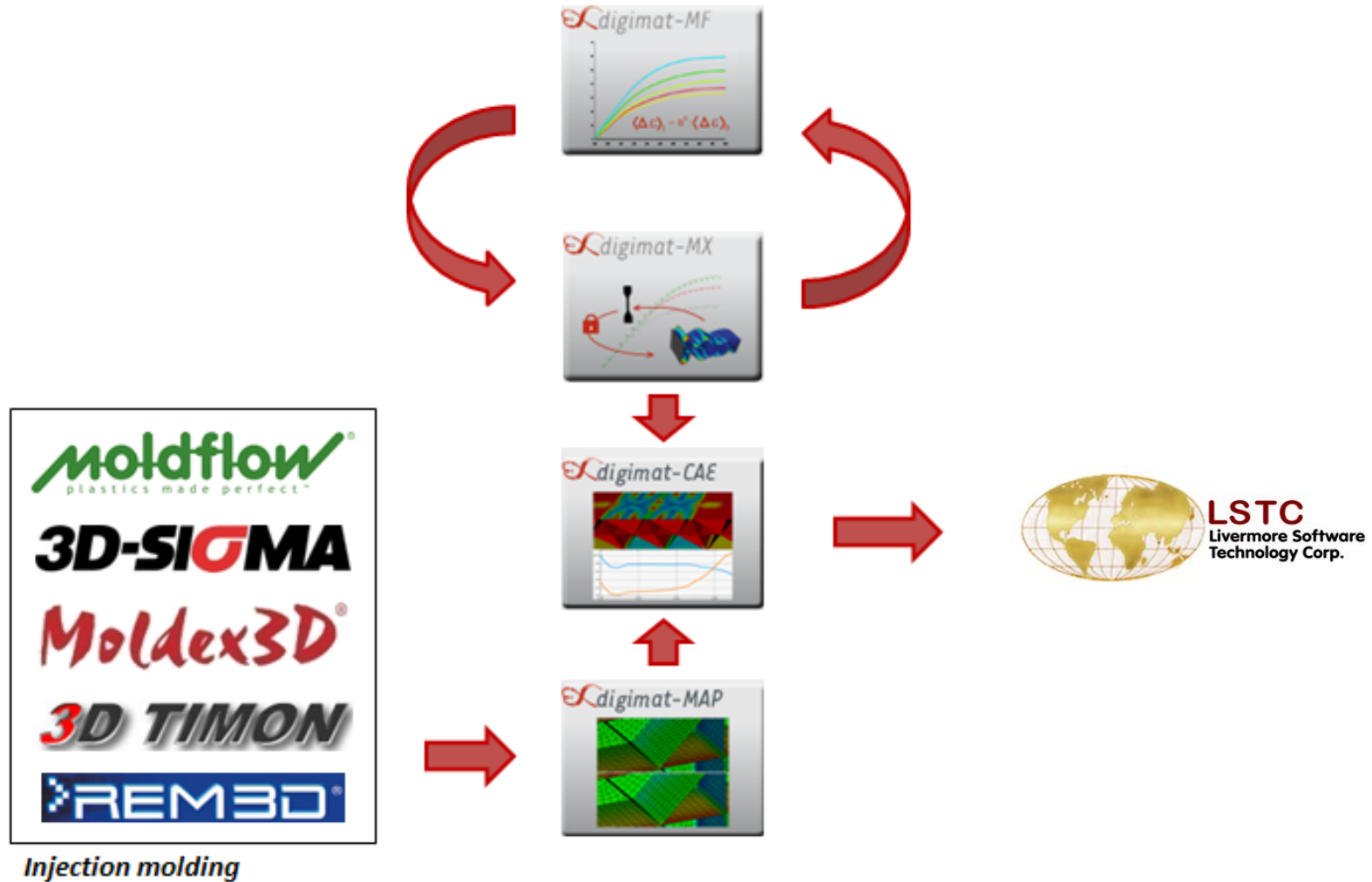
- Material experts offer their knowledge to the structural engineer
- Structural engineers profit by focusing on their core objectives





DIGIMAT Applications

DIGIMAT for injection molded plastic parts

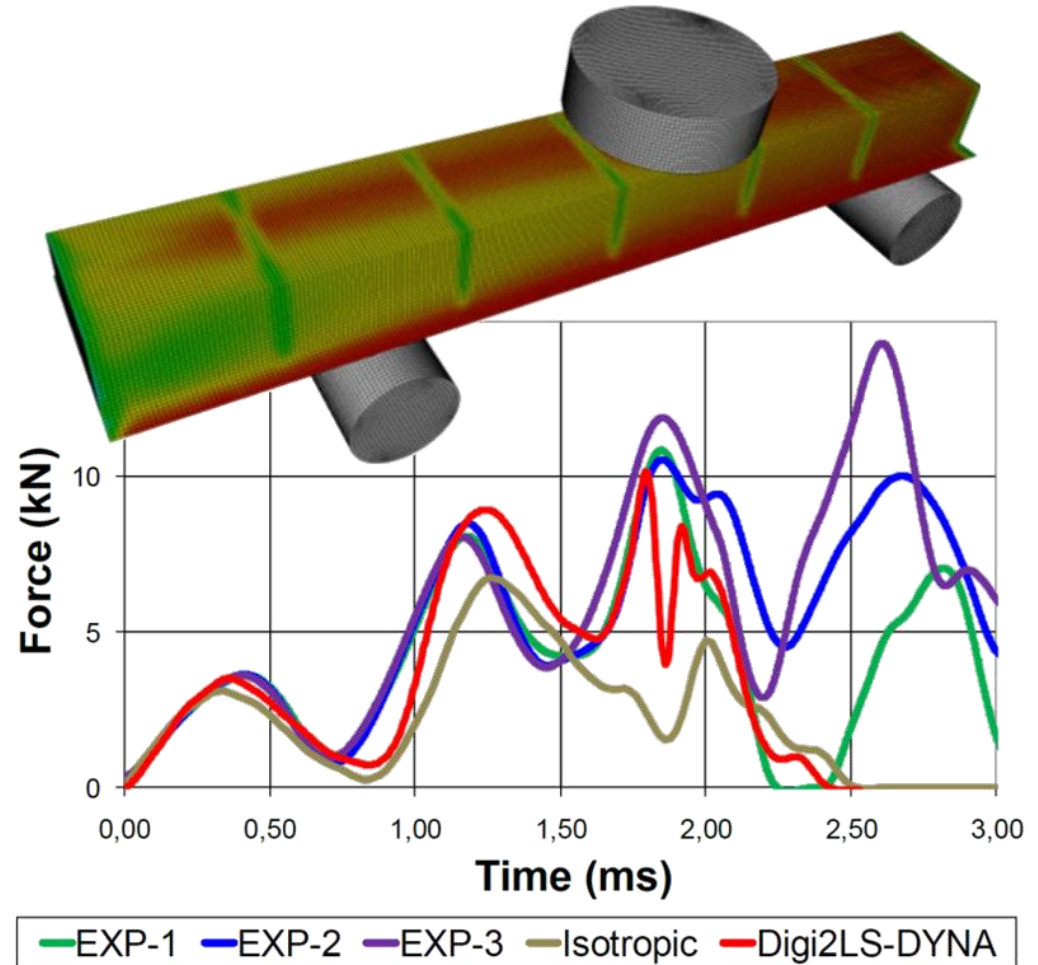
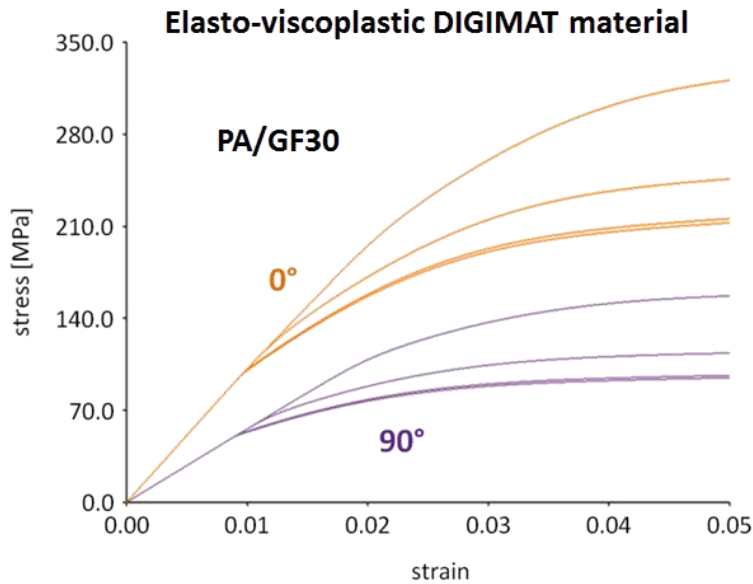




DIGIMAT Applications

Short fiber reinforced plastics

✓ Impact on a beam





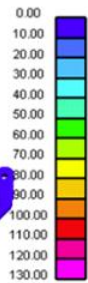
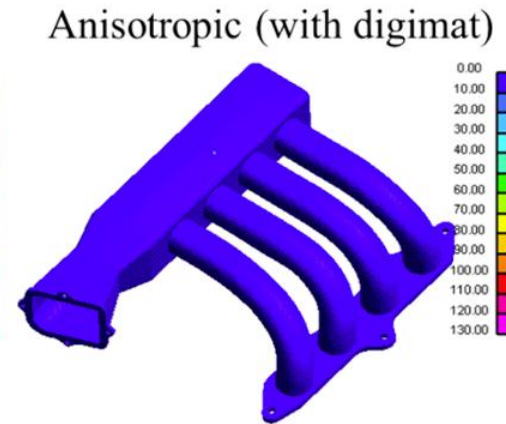
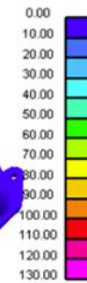
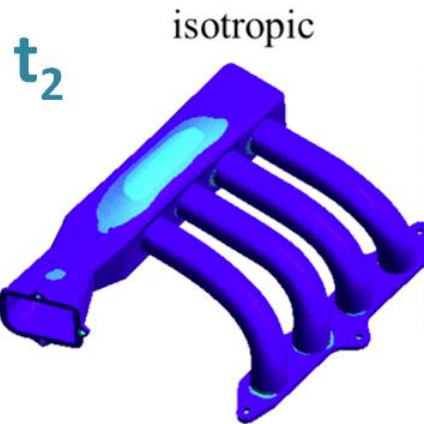
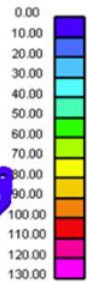
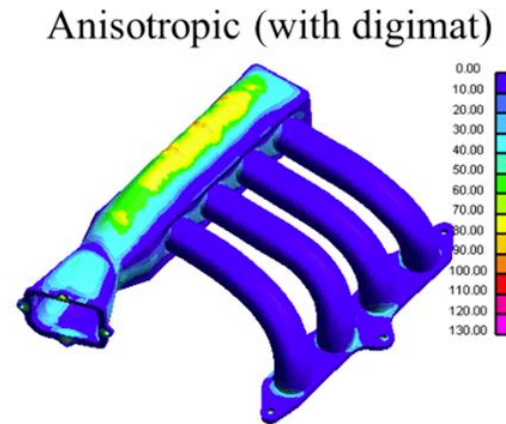
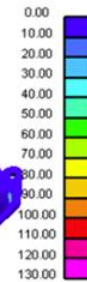
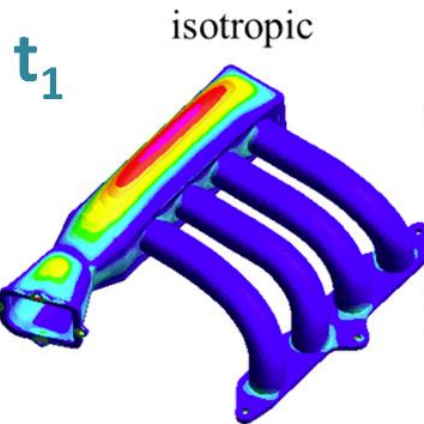
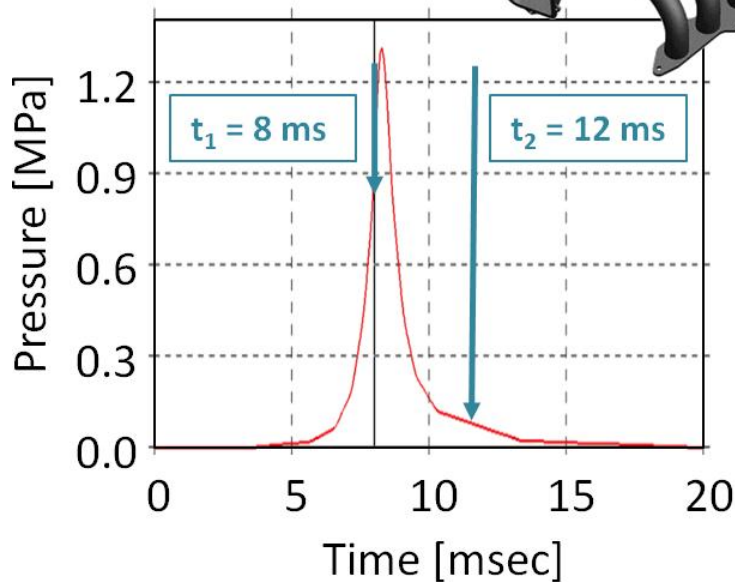
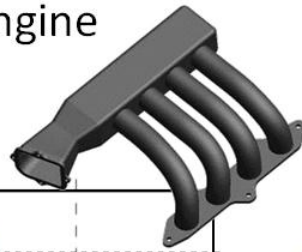
DIGIMAT Applications

Short fiber reinforced plastics

- ✓ Air intake manifold



Pressure from engine backfire



∞ DIGIMAT convergence schemes

- ✓ Two sources for improved robustness
 - Mori-Tanaka convergence scheme
 - Scheme enforcing plane stress condition for shell elements

- ✓ Initiative for 4.1.2 based on 7 customer models
 - Small and medium size
 - EP / TEP / EVP
 - Shell & solid

- ✓ Improvements
 - 5 out of 7 models run up to finalization (small & medium size)
 - 2 out of 7 models show major improvements (medium size)

∞ DIGIMAT convergence schemes

- ✓ Comparison of CPU between 4.1.1 and 4.1.2
 - Shell [EP] 4 – 22 % improvement in CPU (explicit)
 - Shell [EVP] 17 – 45 % improvement in CPU (explicit)
 - Solid [EVP] 0 % improvement in CPU (explicit)
 - Solid [TEP] 22 % improvement in CPU (implicit)

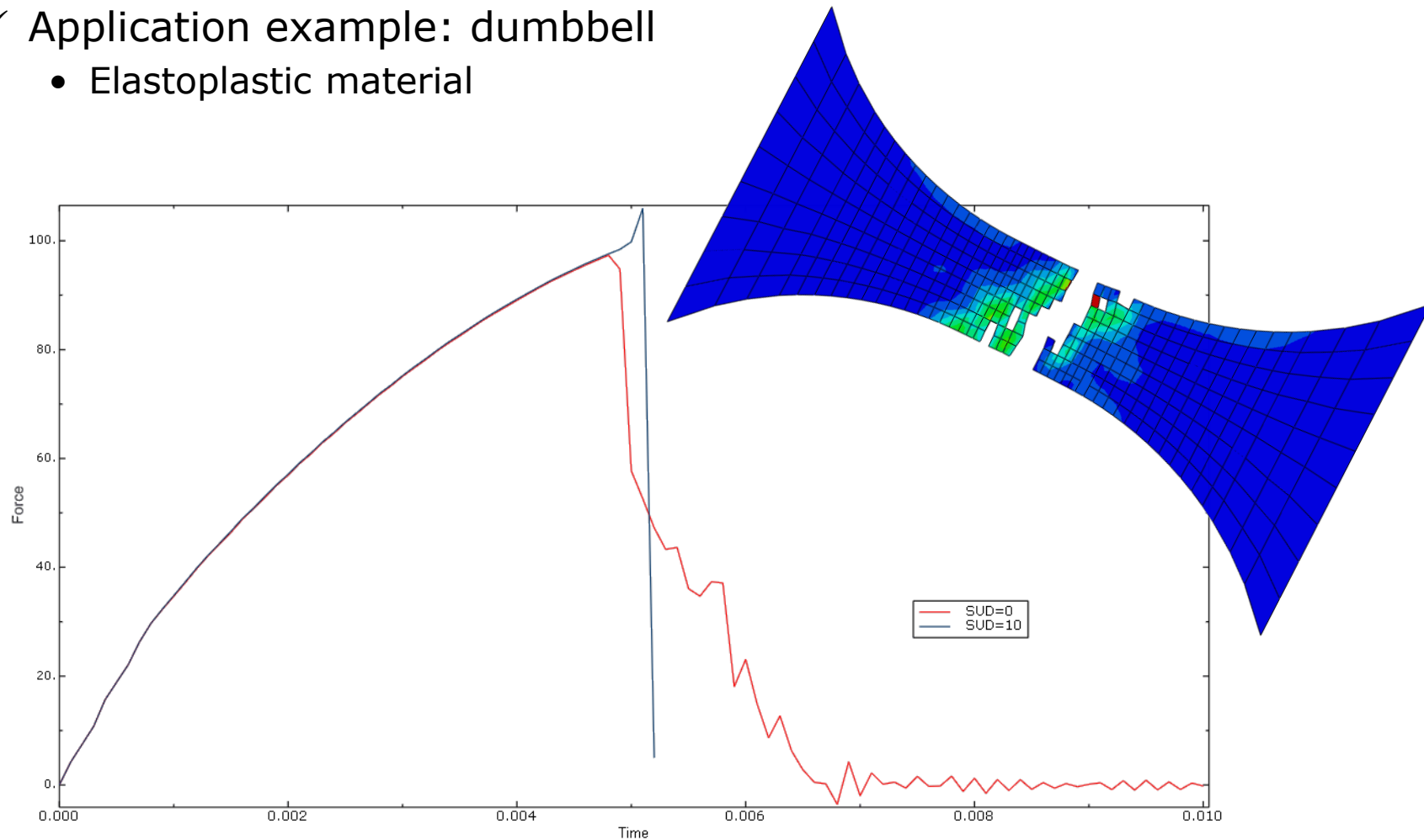
- ✓ Major improvements for shell elements & explicit solvers

- ✓ Using SUD is key for CPU time reduction
 - With SUD=2-10 about 60 – 90 % of computational time can be saved with respect to SUD = 0
 - Post failure has to be checked carefully

- ✓ Recommended approach using SUD today
 - Determine the *time of failure* in a quick pre-analysis (SUD>0)
 - Quasi-static load scenarios

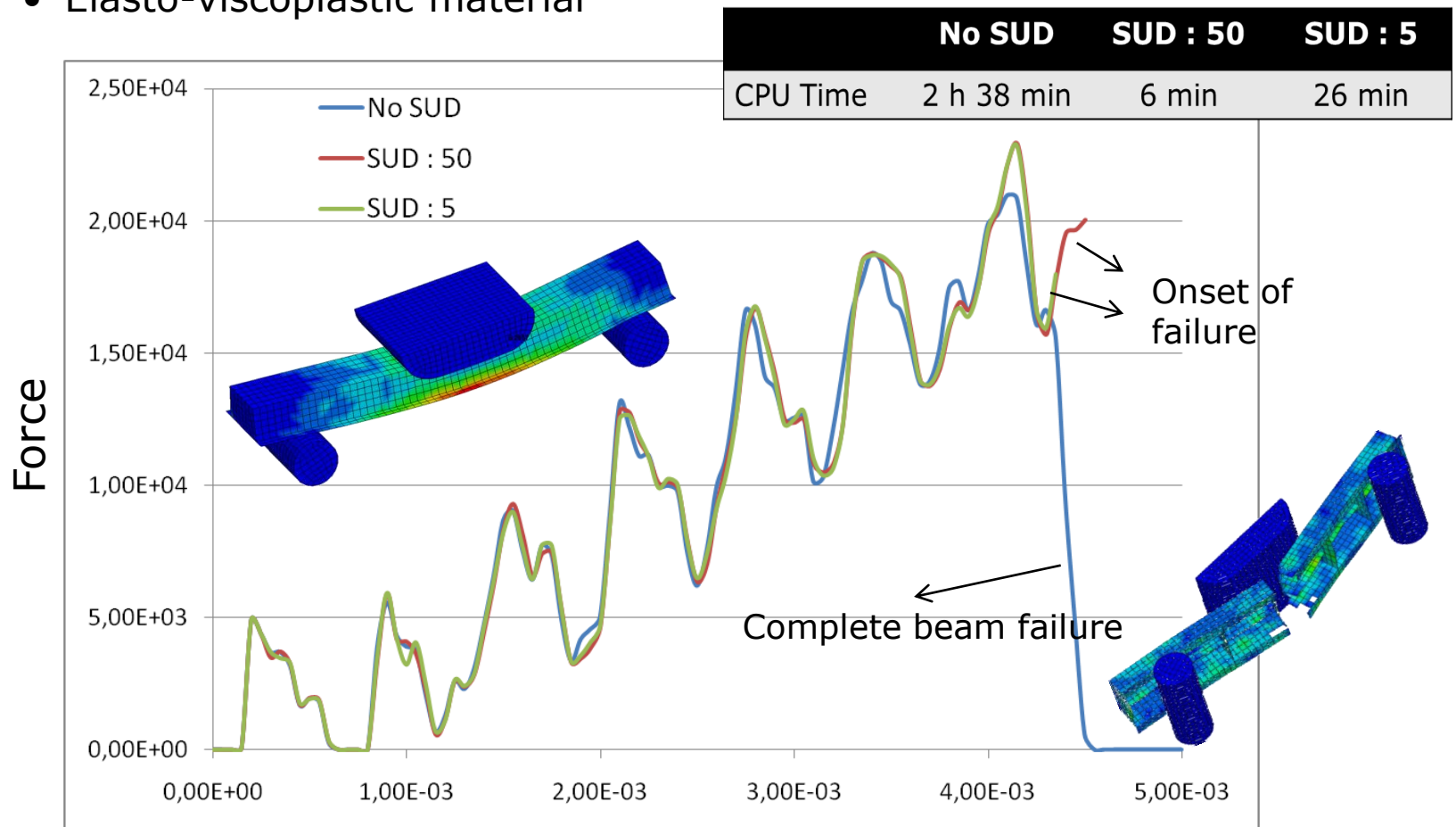
Recommended approach using SUD today

- ✓ Application example: dumbbell
 - Elastoplastic material



Recommended approach using SUD today

- ✓ Application example: impact on a beam
 - Elasto-viscoplastic material



∞ Significant CPU reduction also for SUD = 0

- ✓ Available with DIGMAT 4.2.1
 - As first implementation the method allowing for the maximum speedup is under current work
- ✓ Change in material description
 - Coarsening of details
 - SpeedUp of Calculation
- ✓ The user will be able to decide between speed of the analysis and accuracy of the results

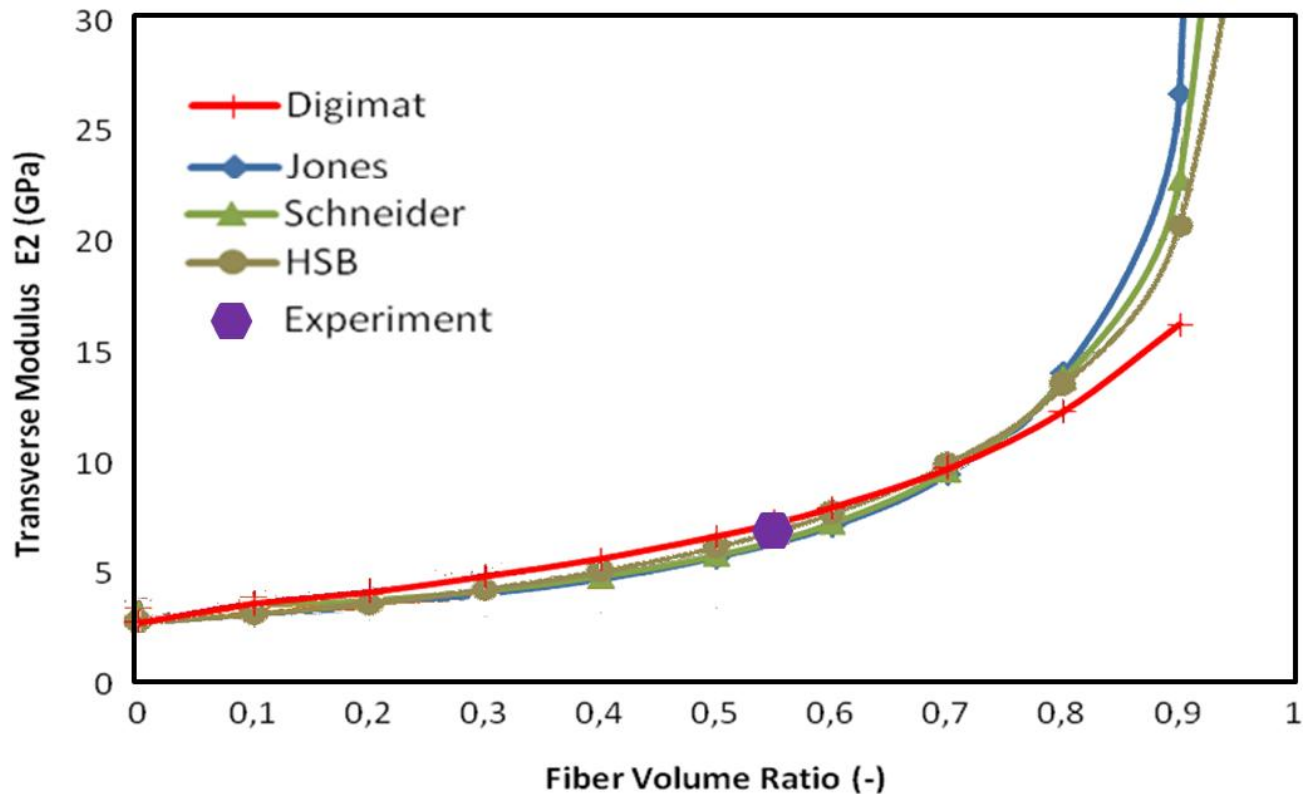
∞ Digimat-CAE/LS-DYNA(Implicit)

- ✓ Available with DIGMAT 4.2.1
 - A first implementation exists and is under current testing

Future Developments

Drapage & Continuous fiber reinforcement

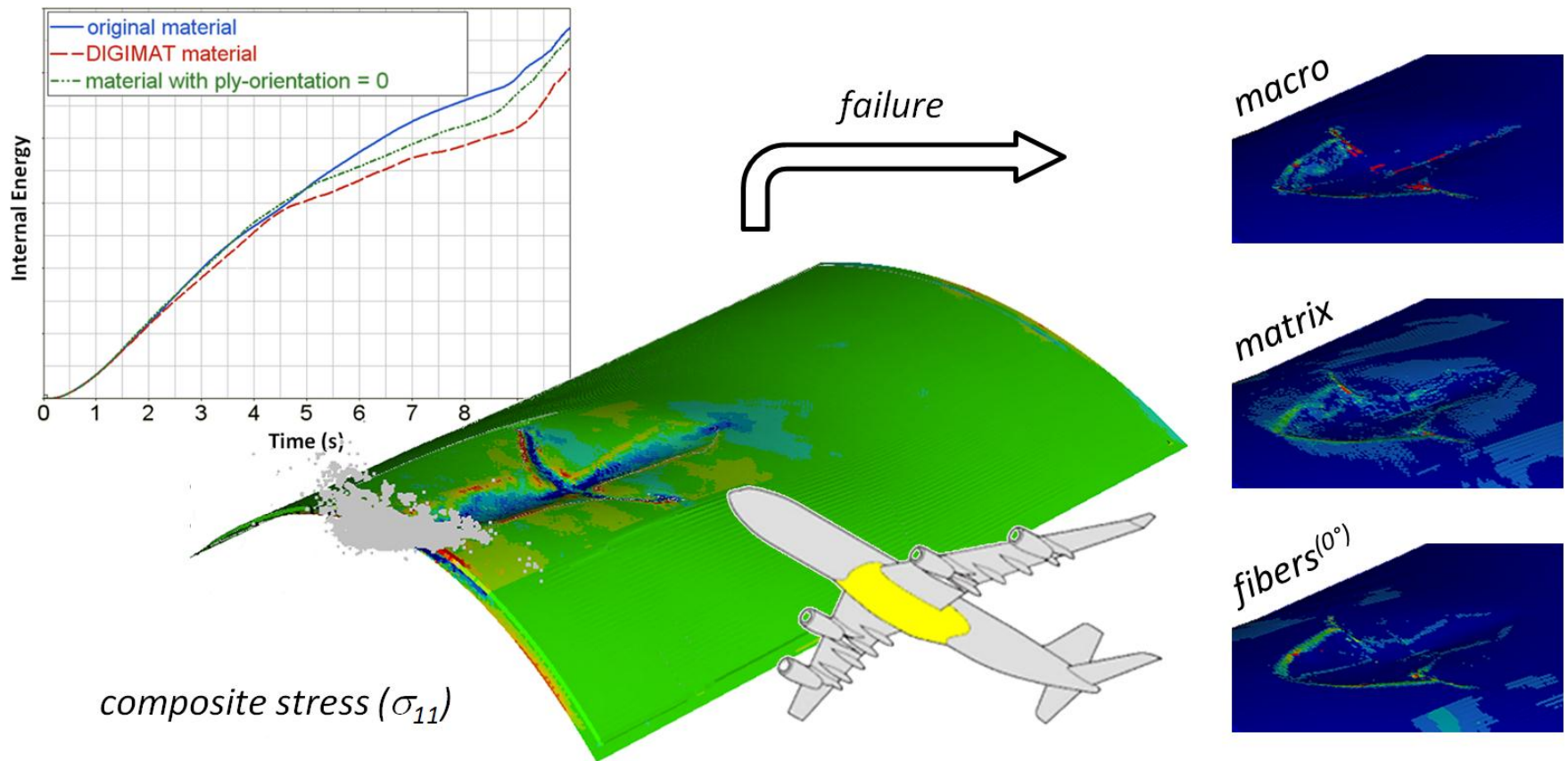
- ✓ M-T Homogenization well suited for prediction of material behavior
- ✓ Glass fibers, Carbon fibers
- ✓ Nonlinear matrix properties (+strain rate dependency, temperature...)



Future Developments

Continuous fiber reinforced plastics

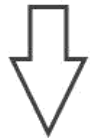
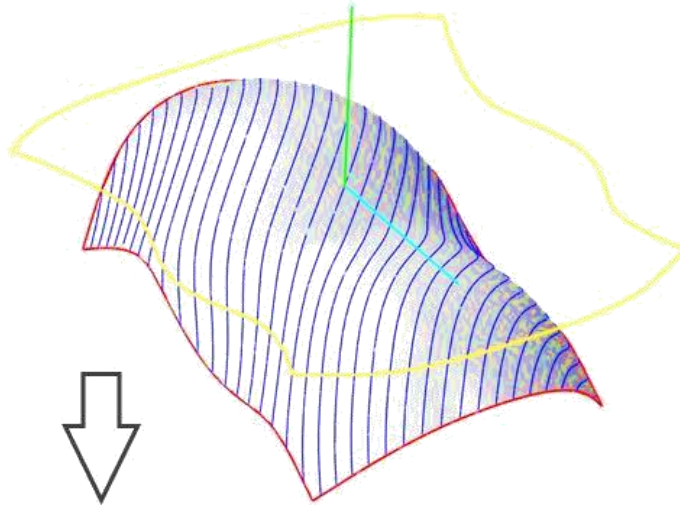
- ✓ Bird strike on an airplane underbelly fairing



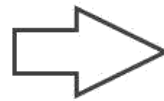
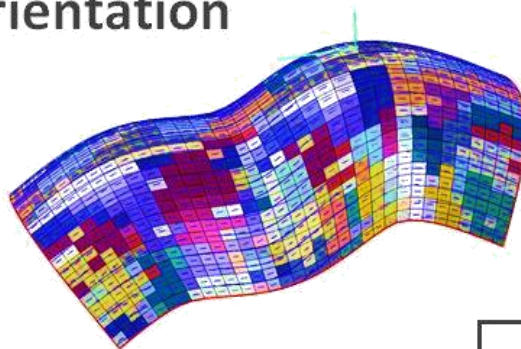
Future Developments

Interfaces to drapage analysis

Draping

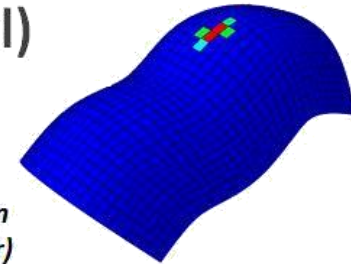


Orientation

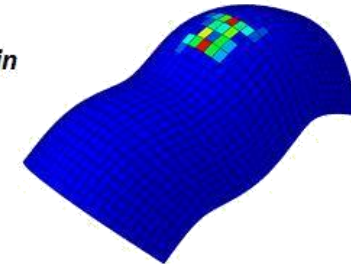


Results
(micro level)

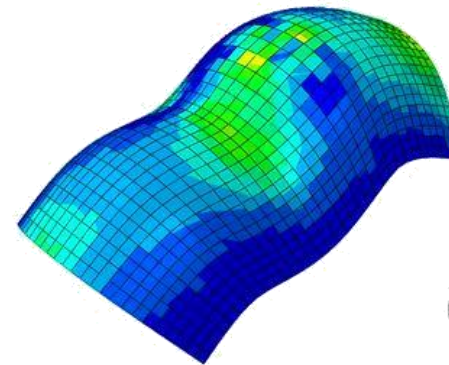
Plastic deformation in epoxy resin (top layer)



Damage in epoxy resin (bottom layer)



Results
(ply level)





Summary

- ∞ e-Xstream engineering: 100% focused on material modeling

- ∞ DIGIMAT
 - ✓ Unique nonlinear multi-scale material and structure modeling platform

- ∞ Injection molded plastic parts
 - ✓ Well established application basis
 - ✓ Further improvements in CPU & robustness

- ∞ DIGIMAT Future (2011/2012)
 - ✓ LS-DYNA Implicit
 - ✓ CPU Improvements
 - ✓ UD composite parts with interfaces to draping