

## ***Latest Features in LS-PREPOST 2.1***

***5<sup>th</sup> German LS-DYNA Forum  
Ulm, Germany***

***October 13, 2006***



## ***Outline of Presentation***

LS-PREPOST

- Current Status of LS-Prepost
- New features in General functions
- Geometry and Meshing
- Pre-Processing
- Post-processing
- Metal Forming Interface
- Scripto
- Current and future developments



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## Current Status of LS-Prepost

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- LS-Prepost 2.1 has been released
- LS-Prepost 2.1 is the standard pre- and post-processor for LS-DYNA on PC/Windows
- LS-Prepost 2.1 can be freely download from [ftp://ftp.lstc.com/outgoing/lsprepost2\\_1](ftp://ftp.lstc.com/outgoing/lsprepost2_1)
- LS-Prepost 2.1 for PC/Windows is much more robust and stable than previous versions
- 64bit version is available for both Unix, Linux, and Win64



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## Current Status of LS-Prepost

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- Online documentation is available at <http://www.lstc.com/lssp>
- There are 9 tutorials online that give step-by-step instructions on how to create model and data. More tutorials will be added over time
- Frequently Asked Questions is also available online to help users
- Linkage to other LS-DYNA support sites



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## New Features in General Function

**Function keys assignment**

- ❑ F1 brings up the function key panel showing the current mapping of interface panels to F-keys. F2-F12 open whatever interface panel is linked to the function key pressed
- ❑ The mapping of panels to F-keys can be defined in the configuration file. For example, adding "fkey2 = ptrim" to .lspostrc would cause the PTrim panel to open when F2 is pressed.



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## New Features in General Function

**Function keys assignment**

- ❑ Custom keys are Very useful for repetitive tasks that should be performed directly after reading for instance a d3plot file.
- ❑ Example of useful commands to place in such file can be:
  - ❖ Set specified color for each part
  - ❖ Read in a group file
  - ❖ Set "no average" for colors in fringe plots
  - ❖ Set "User Range" values
  - ❖ Etc.



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## New Features in General Function

- ❑ Command line execution without graphics
  - ❖ Lsprepost c=command.cfile –nographic
- ❑ Will only work with operation that does not require extraction of graphical images
- ❑ For example operations on ASCII history files, extract xy history data and save them in files
- ❑ Rename file lspost.cfile to become user's command file
- ❑ Command structure is not yet documented but can be easily understood



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## Geometry and Meshing

- ❑ Curves/Lines interface
- ❑ Surface interface
- ❑ 2D-Meshing
- ❑ Simple Geometry Meshing
- ❑ Tetrahedron mesher and surface re-mesh
- ❑ Nlines meshing
- ❑ Surface meshing
- ❑ Block meshing



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## Geometry – Curves/Lines

Page 2 or Page 7 Curves – To show/create/modify curves

- Curves can be created by inputting the xyz coordinate of a point.
- Or from picking positions on the existing mesh
- Or from picking an edge of an element
- Or imported from an Iges file, Vda, or piecewise data points format
- Arcs or circle can easily be created
- The total length of a curve can be computed
- Curves can be exported in Iges/Vda/xyz format

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## Geometry – Curves/Lines

- Curve Creation by picking edge with propagation

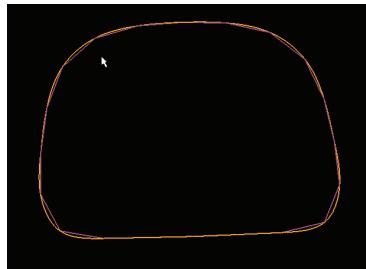
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## Geometry – Curves/Lines

❑ Curve Modification operation

- ❖ Break Curve
- ❖ Join Curve
- ❖ Rename Curve
- ❖ Delete Points
- ❖ Insert Points
- ❖ Translate Curve
- ❖ Rotate Curve
- ❖ Smooth Curve
- ❖ Re-space Curve



Curves Interface

- Blank    Create
- Modify    Delete
- Rd/Wt    Length

Operation:

Smooth Curve

- Tear-off
- Break Curve
- Join Curve
- Rename Curve
- Delete Points
- Insert Points
- Translate Curve
- Rotate Curve
- Smooth Curve
- Respace Curve

Accept   Reject

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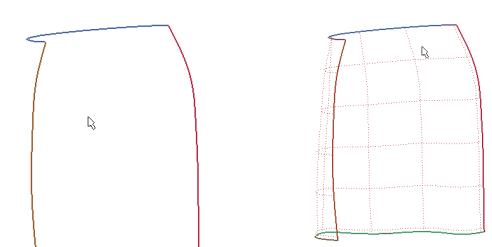
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## Geometry – Surface Interface

Page 7 Surface – To show/create/modify/delete and export surfaces

❑ Surfaces can be imported via Iges or Vda files

❑ Surfaces can be created by 2/3/4line that form the boundary



Surface Interface

- Blank    Create
- Modify    Delete
- Rd/Wt    BD. line

Type: 2L/3L/4L surface

ID: 1

PID: 1 Plist

Apply   Reject

Blank FE. Mesh

Done

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## Geometry – Surface Interface

Page 7 Surface – To show/create/modify/delete and export surfaces

- ❑ Surfaces can be created by lines that define the skin of the surface
- ❑ Surfaces data can be exported in Iges/Vda format



The screenshot shows a 3D surface model with a grid. On the left, four separate lines (red, green, blue, yellow) are shown, which are used to define the skin of the surface. On the right, a dialog box titled "Surface Interface" is open, showing options for "Create", "Modify", "Delete", and "Rd/Wt". The "Type" dropdown is set to "Skin surface". The "ID" field contains "1" and the "PID" field also contains "1". A "Plist" button is visible.

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## Meshing – 2D Meshing

- ❑ Interface in 2D Sketch board has been revised and is more robust
- ❑ 2D sketch can be used to create closed boundary
  - ❖ Points, lines, arcs, circles will make up the boundary
  - ❖ Lines and arcs can be trimmed and/or extended to other lines and arcs
  - ❖ A fillet with a specified **Radius** can be created between lines and/or arcs
- ❑ Lines/Curves can also be imported from Curves interface
- ❑ Points/Lines can be translated and rotated with or without copies
- ❑ A sketch board edge is created from one or several curves

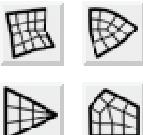
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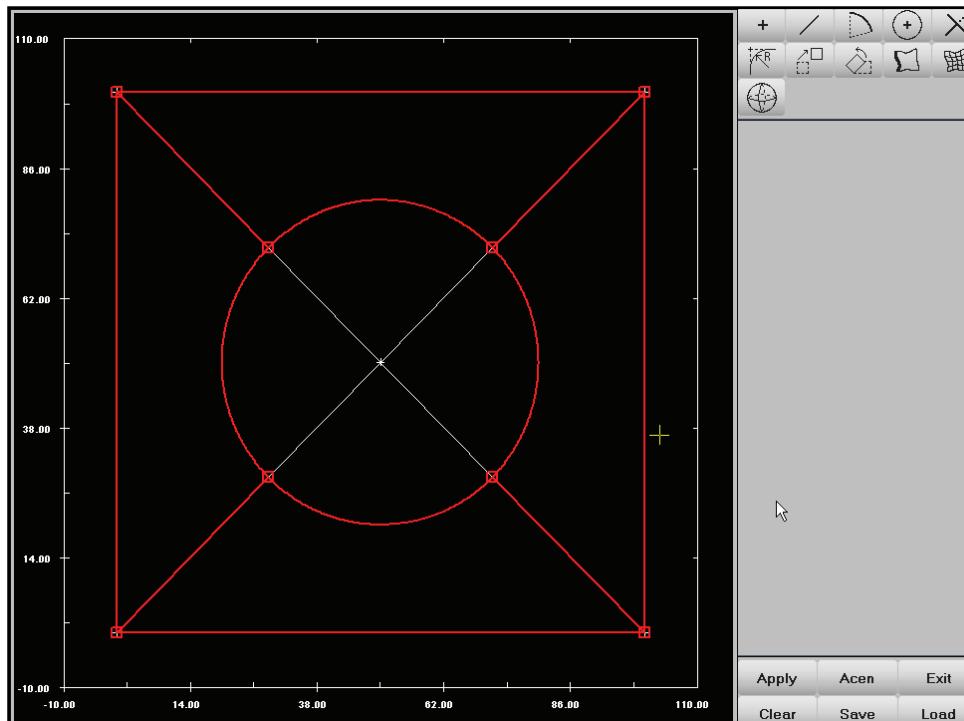
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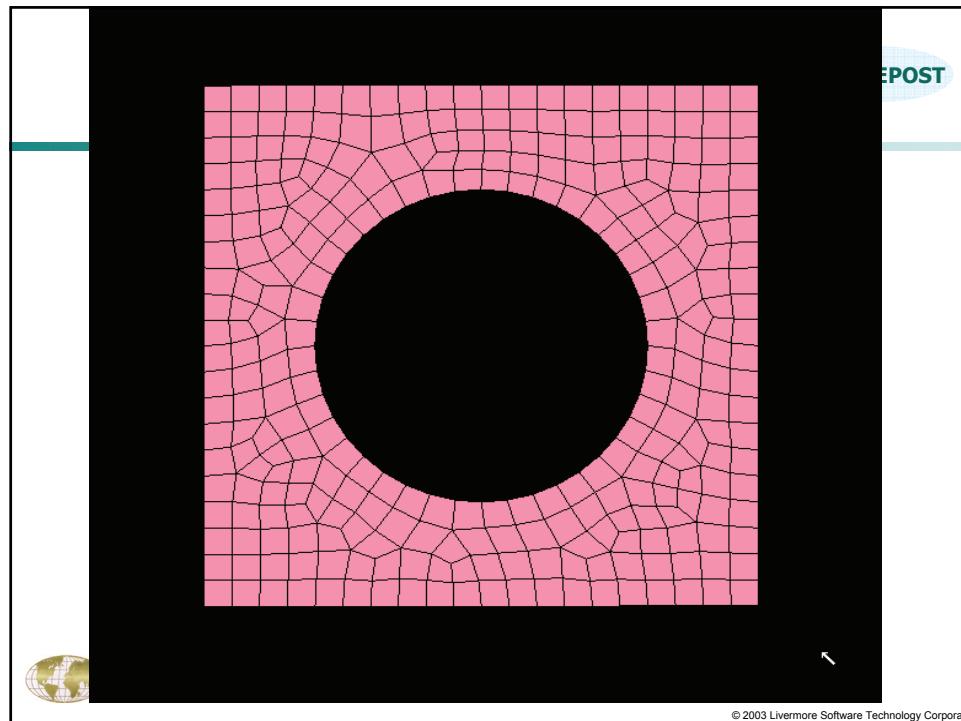
## Meshing – 2D Meshing

- ❑ Number of elements and bias are defined on edges
- ❑ Meshing can be done with 4 different techniques
  - ❖ Topologic 4-Edge fill with quadrilateral elements
  - ❖ Topologic 3-Edge fill with quadrilateral elements
  - ❖ Topologic 3-Edge where the structured mesh degenerates in one corner
  - ❖ An arbitrary shaped area with optional holes in it will be filled with a non-structured mesh with only quadrilateral



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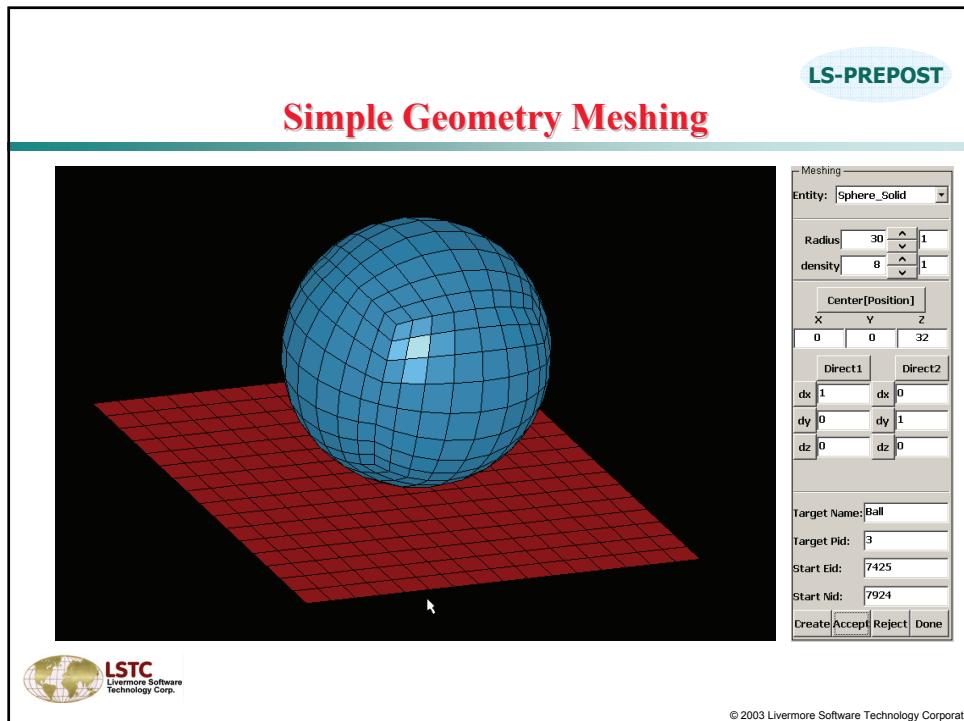
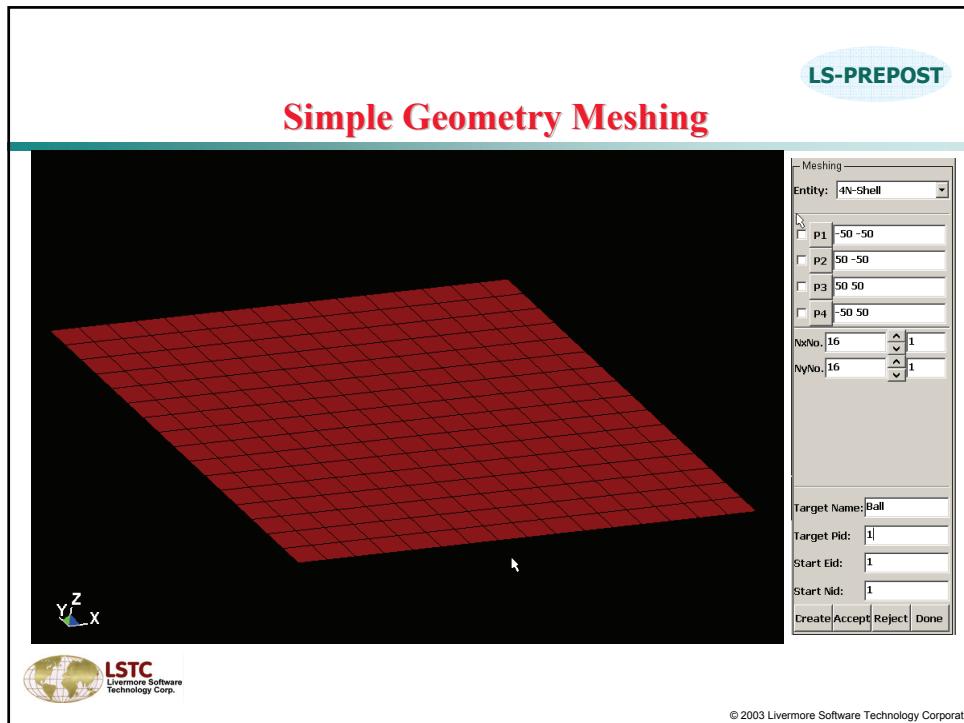
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## Meshing – Simple Geometry

- Page 7 – Mesh button
- To generate simple shape geometries
- Box (Cube) – define min and max points
- Flat Shell – define 4 points
- Cylinder – define radius, and vector along the cylinder
  - ❖ Solid or Shell – can be capped or hollow
- Sphere – define radius, and density which is the no. of elements in a 90 degree segment
  - ❖ Solid or Shell
- Accept and Reject buttons

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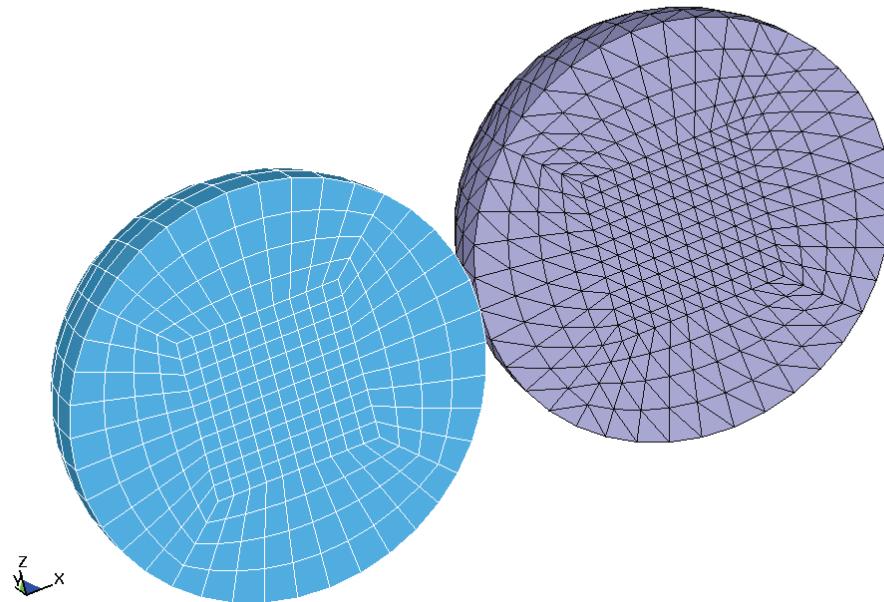
## Tetrahedron Mesher and Surface Remesh

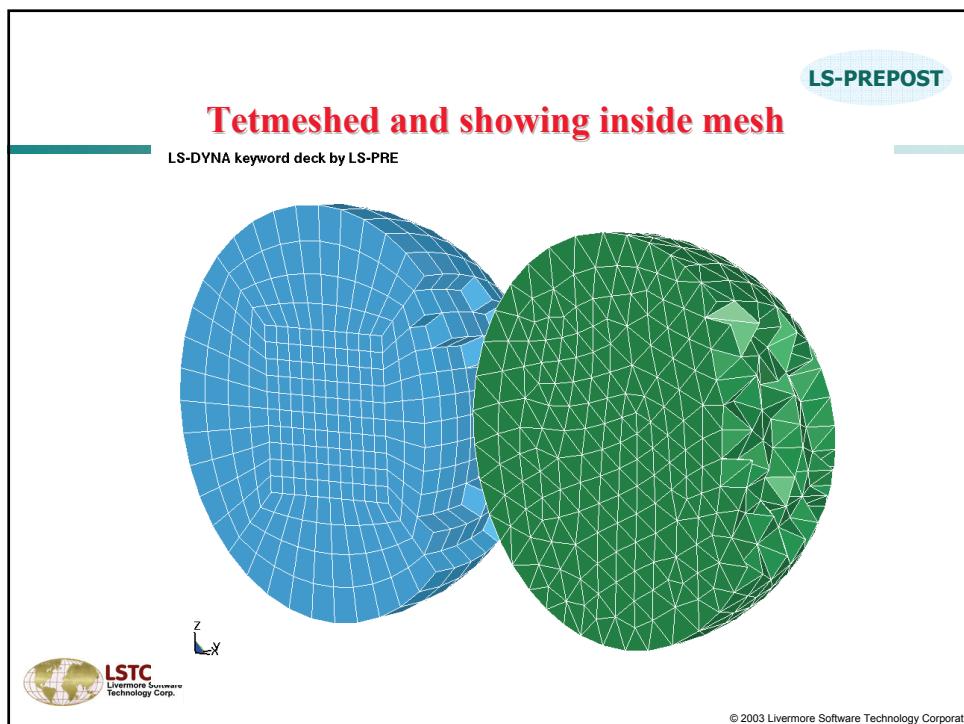
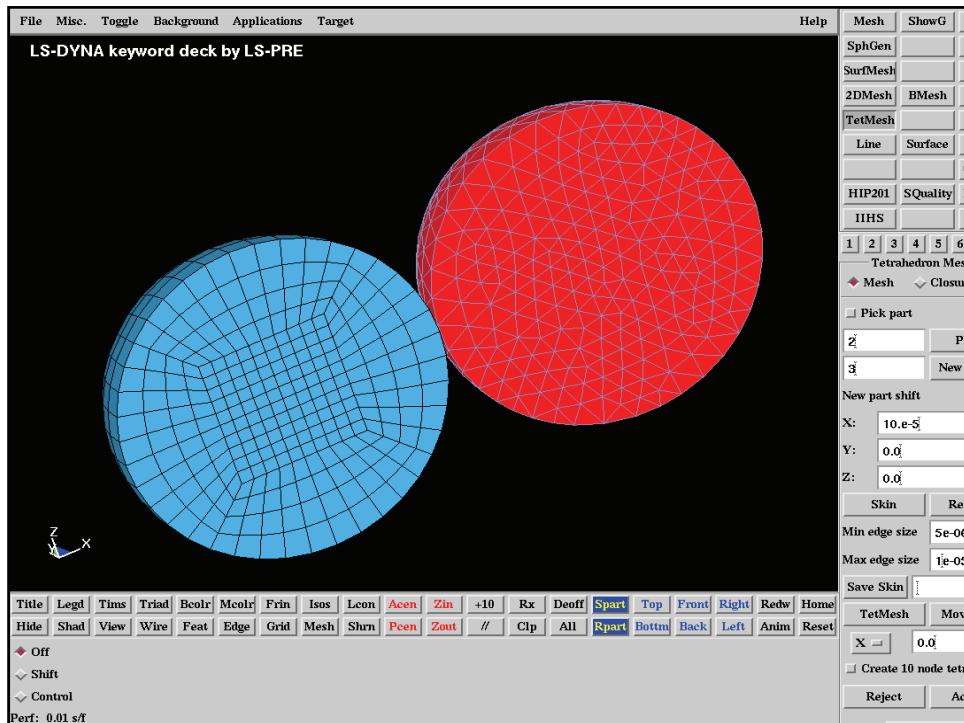
- ❑ A solid tetrahedron mesh is produced from a good enclosed surface mesh.
- ❑ Distorted, or rather irregular surface meshes will not produce a good tet mesh. The surface must be cleaned up by merging small triangles, and remeshing.
- ❑ A solid part can be skinned and used as an enclosed surface.
- ❑ Skin only form a connected solid. Later will skin an unconnected solid by selecting the outer surface



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LS-DYNA keyword deck by LS-PRE





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## Meshing - NLMesh

**Page 7 - nLMesh**

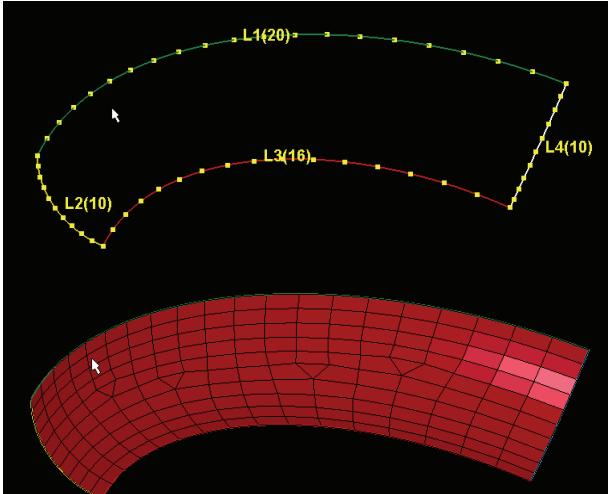
- 2 Line shell – Create shell mesh between 2 curves
- 3 Line shell – Create shell mesh bounded by 3 curves
- 4 Line shell – Create shell mesh bounded by 4 curves
- Line Sweep - Create a mesh by sweeping one line along another line
- Meshing density can be selected from
  - ❖ No. of elements on line
  - ❖ Element size
  - ❖ Point of line



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## Meshing - NLMesh

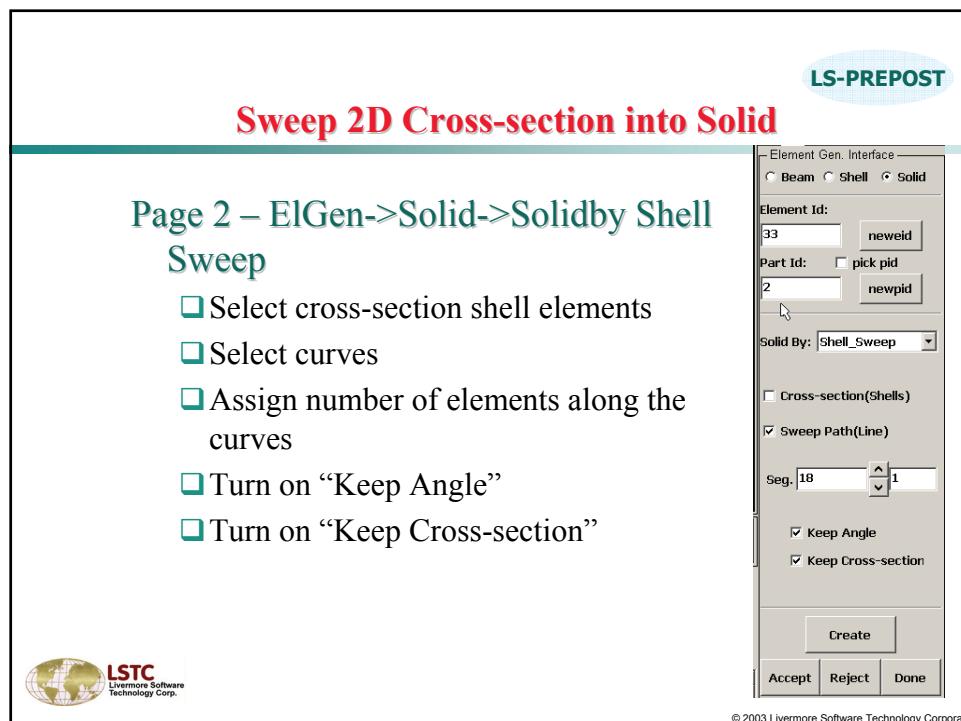
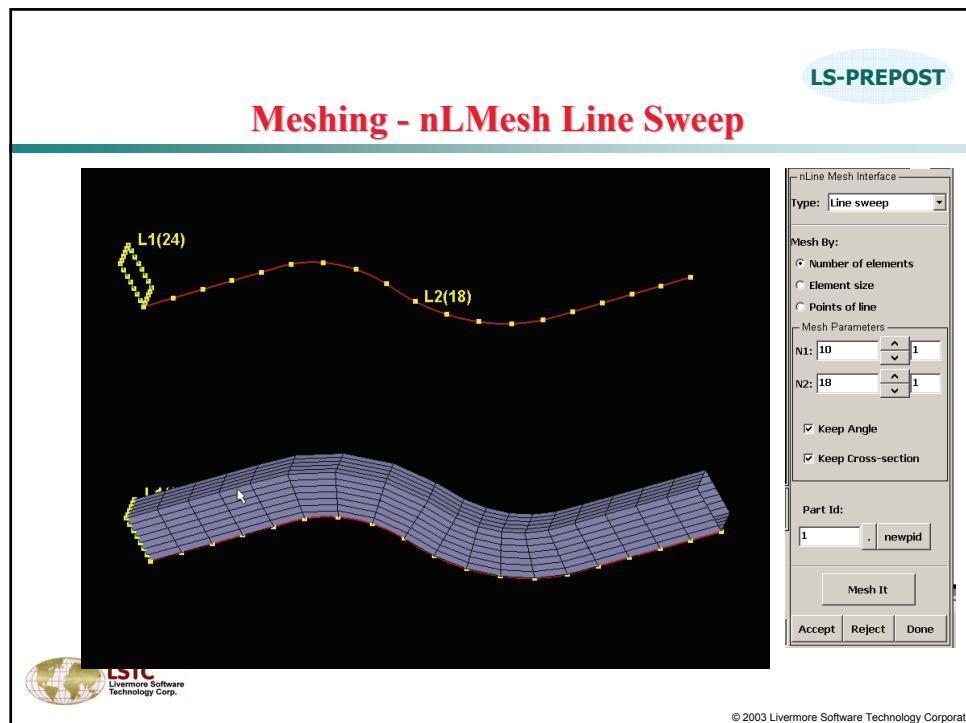


The screenshot shows the LS-PREPOST NLMesh interface. On the left, four curves are defined: L1(20) at the top, L2(10) on the left, L3(16) on the right, and L4(10) at the bottom. On the right, a 3D view shows a curved surface mesh generated between these curves. The interface includes a control panel with the following settings:

- Type: 4 Line shell
- Mesh By:
  - Number of elements
  - Element size
  - Points of line
- Mesh Parameters:
  - N1: 20
  - N2: 10
  - N3: 16
  - N4: 10
- Part Id: 1 . newpid
- Buttons: Mesh It, Accept, Reject, Done



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### Sweep 2D Cross-section into Solid

The screenshot shows a 2D cross-section on the left, consisting of a red grid. A yellow dashed line labeled "L1(18)" indicates the path of the sweep. On the right, a 3D solid model of a curved beam is shown, with its internal mesh visible. The software interface has a dark background.

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### Pre-processing

- LS971 keyword support
- Element material direction input
- Mesh smoothing
- Spotweld generation
- Sph particle generation (new interface and capability)

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## LS971 Keyword support

More LS970/LS971 keyword data are supported (some examples)

- \*Keyword\_ID
- \*Ale\_Tank\_Test
- \*Ale\_Fsi\_Switch\_MMG
- \*Control\_Forming\_Template, Travel, Position
- \*Control\_Adaptive\_Curve
- \*Control\_EM
- \*Control\_Shell (new data cards)
- \*Constrained\_Interpolation\_local
- \*Define\_friction
- \*Element\_Solid\_Tet4ToTet10
- \*Initial\_Stress\_Solid (new data cards)
- \*Node\_Scalar\_Value

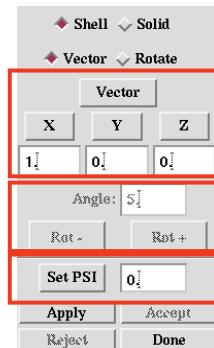
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## Element Material Direction

**Page 2, ElEdit - Direction**

- Sets default material direction for *selected* elements, the direction used when AOPT=0 on \*MAT card, using \_BETA for shell and \_ORTHO for solid elements
- Shell orientation can be set using three methods
  - ❖ Apply orientation by vector
  - ❖ Incrementally rotate orientation angle + / -
  - ❖ Explicitly set PSI angle



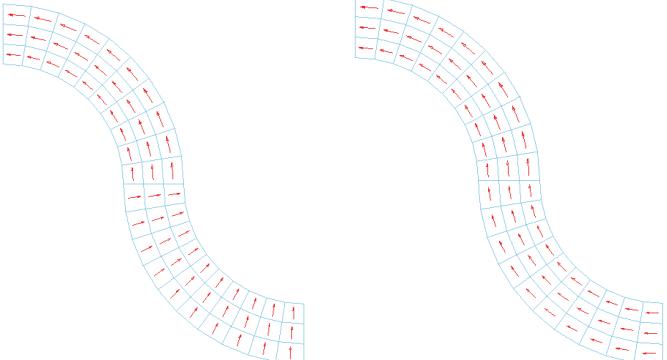
The dialog box shows three main sections: Vector (with X, Y, Z fields), Angle (with input field and +/- buttons), and Set PSI (with input field). Buttons at the bottom include Apply, Accept, Reject, and Done.

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## Element Material Direction

Shell orientation is drawn as an arrow for each element  
 Orientation rotated 90 degrees for the lower half of the part below



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## Element Material Direction

Solid element orientation can be set using two methods

- Apply orientation by A and D vectors
- Incrementally rotate orientation about global vector or about currently local element axes

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Shell <input type="checkbox"/> Solid		
<input type="checkbox"/> Vector <input type="checkbox"/> Rotate		
<b>A-vector</b>		
X	Y	Z
1 <sup>T</sup>	0 <sup>T</sup>	0 <sup>T</sup>
<b>D-vector</b>		
X	Y	Z
0 <sup>T</sup>	1 <sup>T</sup>	0 <sup>T</sup>
<b>Apply</b> <b>Accept</b>		
<b>Reject</b> <b>Done</b>		

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Shell <input type="checkbox"/> Solid		
<input type="checkbox"/> Vector <input type="checkbox"/> Rotate		
Angle: S <sub>t</sub>		
<input type="checkbox"/> Global direction		
<input type="checkbox"/> Local ele. axis		
X	Y	Z
1 <sup>T</sup>	0 <sup>T</sup>	0 <sup>T</sup>
Rot -		Rot +
<b>Apply</b> <b>Accept</b>		
<b>Reject</b> <b>Done</b>		

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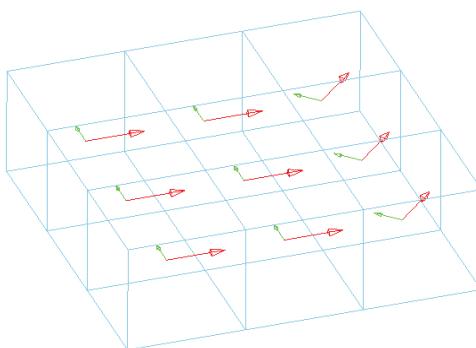
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## ElEdit - Direction

Solid element orientation

- A direction is shown as red arrow.
- B direction is shown as a shorter green arrow.



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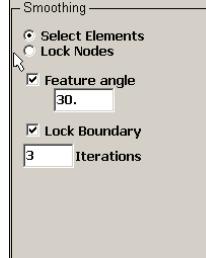
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## Mesh Smoothing

**Page 7 Smooth**

- Shell and solid elements can be smoothed with simple average and projected back on the original element position
- Nodes on the boundary can be optionally be locked
- Boundary nodes for shell are the ones belonging to free edges
- Boundary nodes for solid element are the ones belonging to outer faces of the selected solid elements



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## Mesh Smoothing

Page 7 Smooth

Before smooth      After smooth with locked boundary

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## Spotweld Generation

Page 7 SWGen - to generate spotweld elements from a spotweld file

- Spotweld information from file
  - ❖ Primer format
  - ❖ MWF (Master Weld File) format
  - ❖ XML format
  - ❖ Custom (User defined) format
- It can generate both **solid** and **beam** type 9 spotweld elements
- Following keywords will be generated
  - ❖ \*Part, \*Section, \*Set\_Node, \*Set\_Part
  - ❖ \*Mat\_Spotweld, \*Hourglass,
  - ❖ \*Contact\_Spotweld

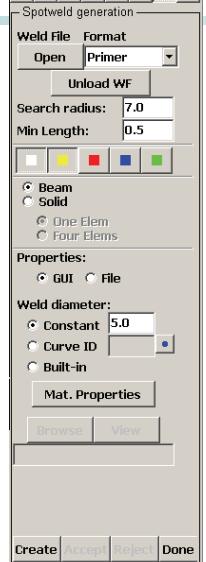
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## Spotweld Generation

- ❑ Spotweld can be created with defined search radius and minimum length
- ❑ Color coded buttons to display weld information
- ❑ Constant diameter or defined by Curve can be used
- ❑ Solid element can has 1 or 4 elements
- ❑ Material properties can be defined in the Material form



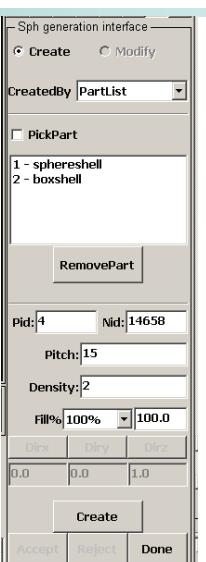
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## SPH Generation

**Page 7 Sphgen – To create SPH particles with different fill level**

- ❑ Create SPH by the following methods
  - ❖ Box – define min/max points
  - ❖ Sphere – define position and radius
  - ❖ Cylinder – define position, radius and length along with the direction of the cylinder
  - ❖ FromHex – Hex parts, use existing nodes
  - ❖ Partlist – Enclosure by shell parts
- ❑ Pitch – distance between particles
- ❑ Density is used to compute particle mass
- ❑ Fill level can be less than 100%
- ❑ Give direction of gravitation force

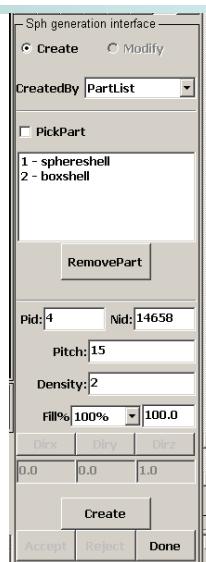


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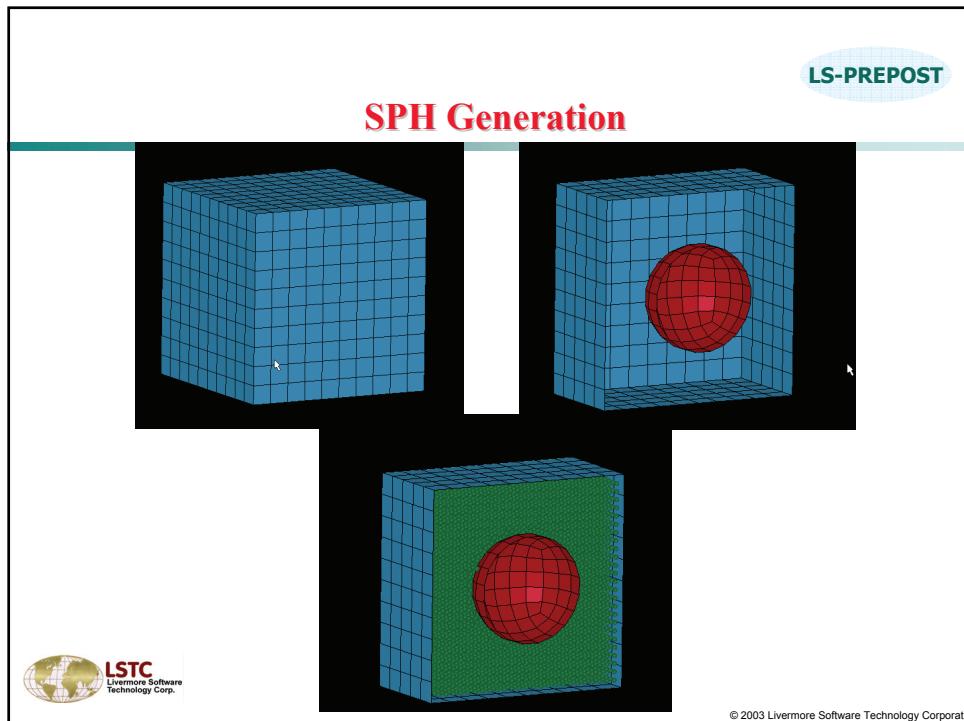
## SPH Generation

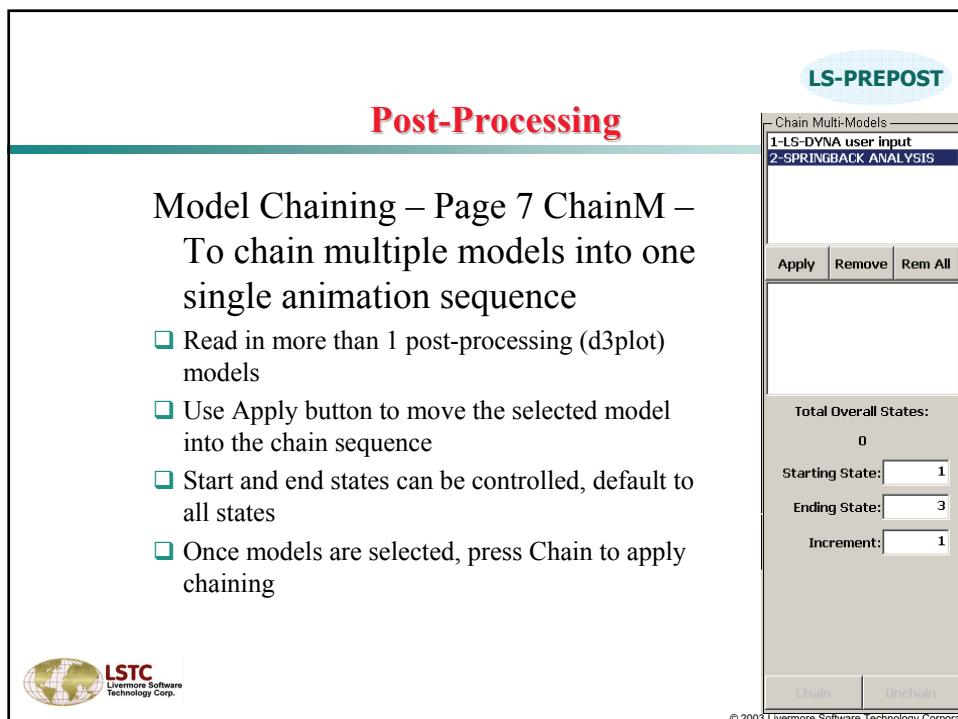
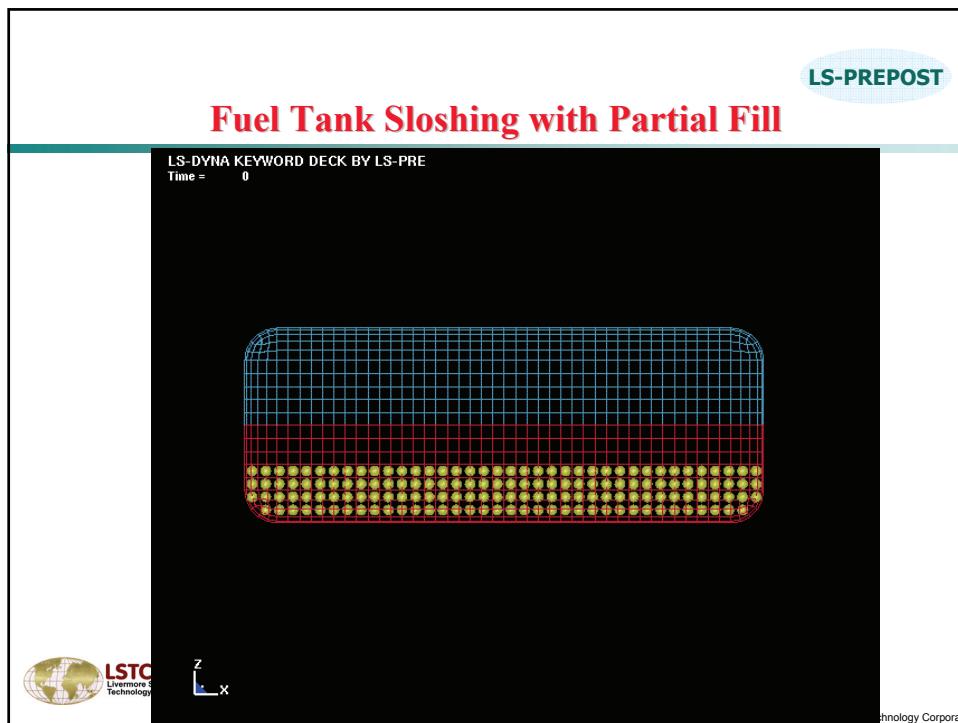
**Created By Partlist**

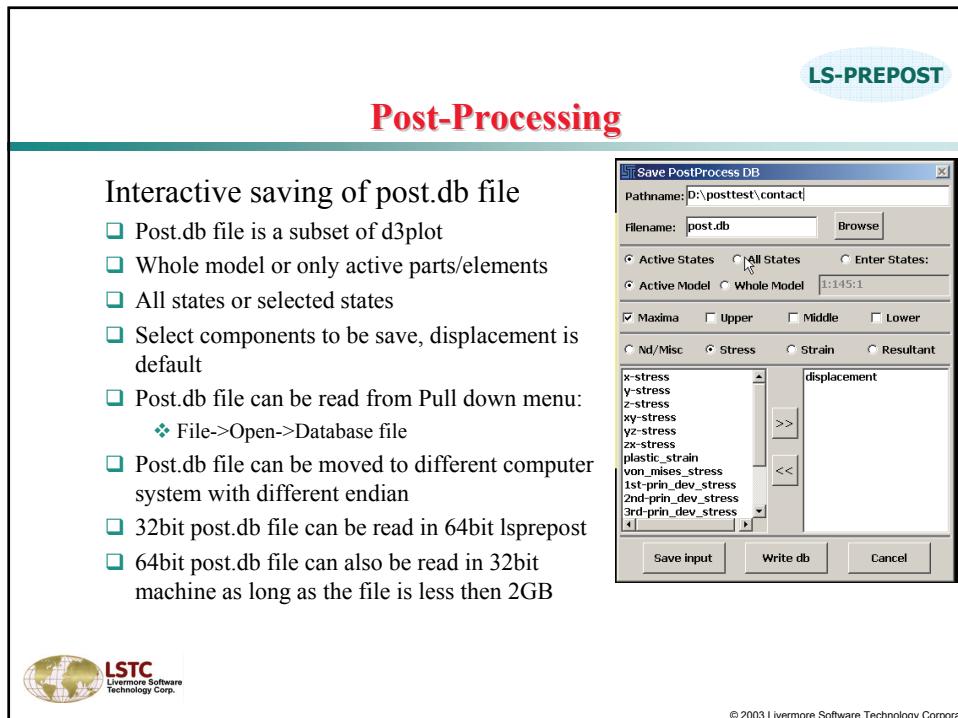
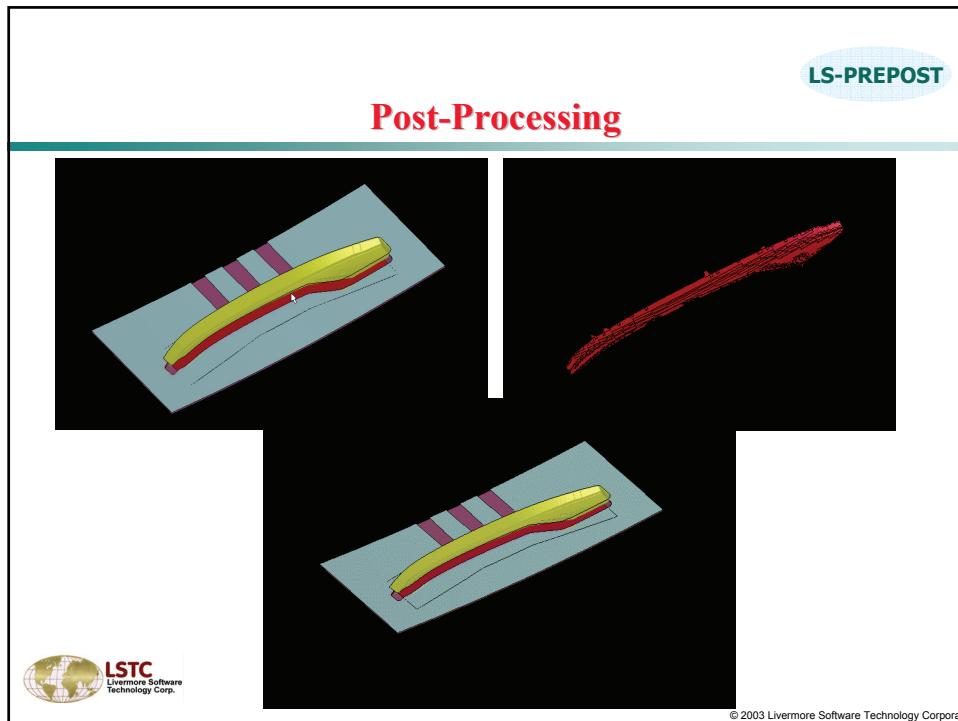
- Only Shell part can be used
- Can use multiple parts
- Shell parts should form an water tight enclosed volume
- Normals of shell should be consistent and pointing outward
- Shell thickness will be taken into account for particles close to the boundary

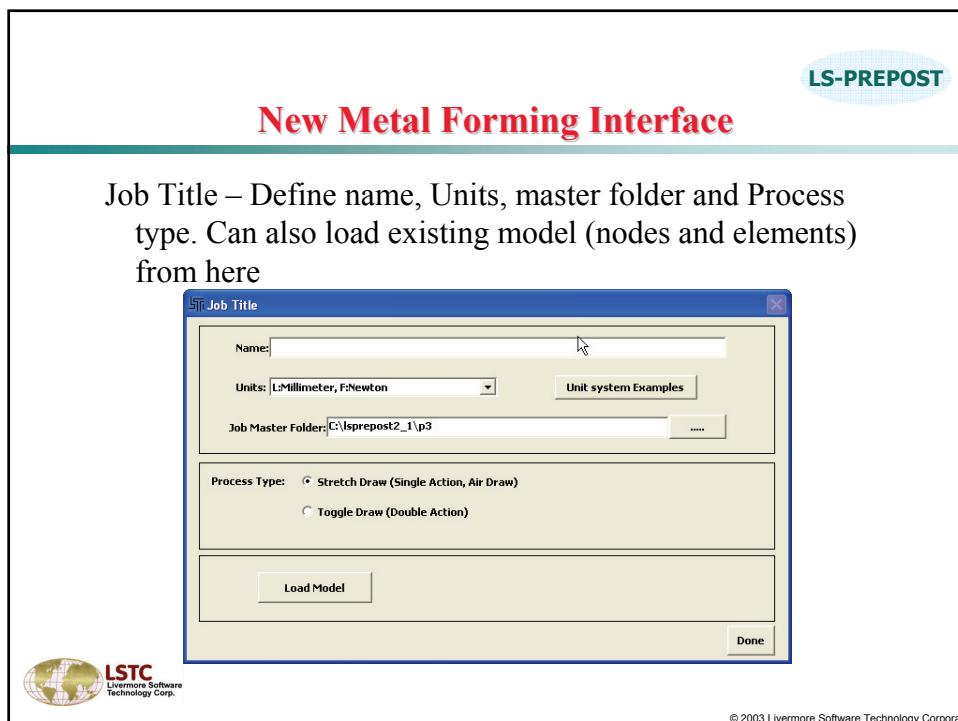
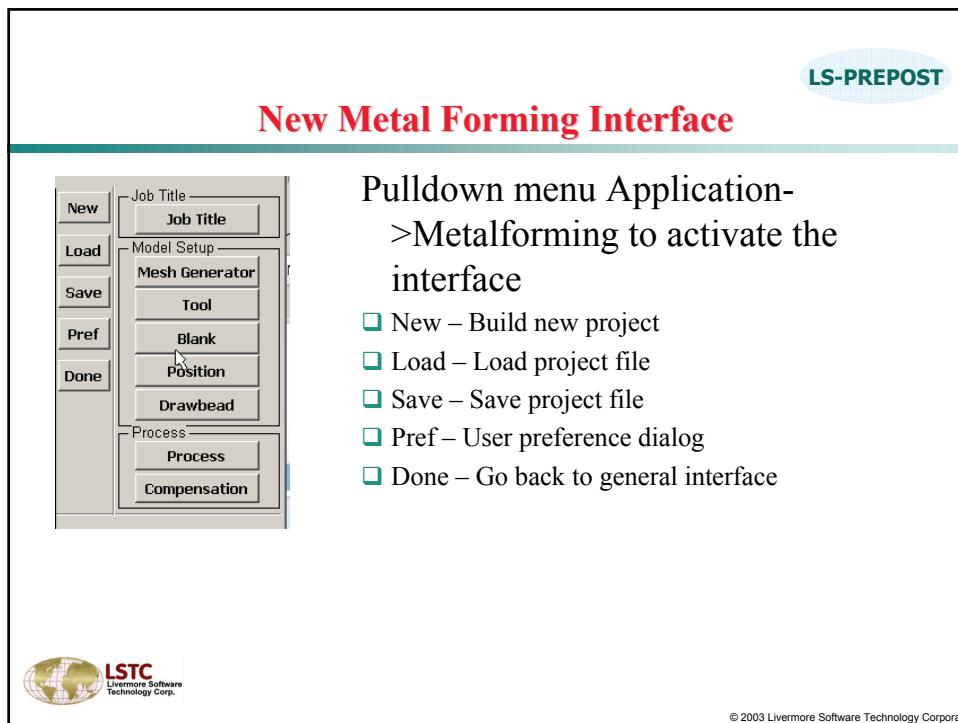


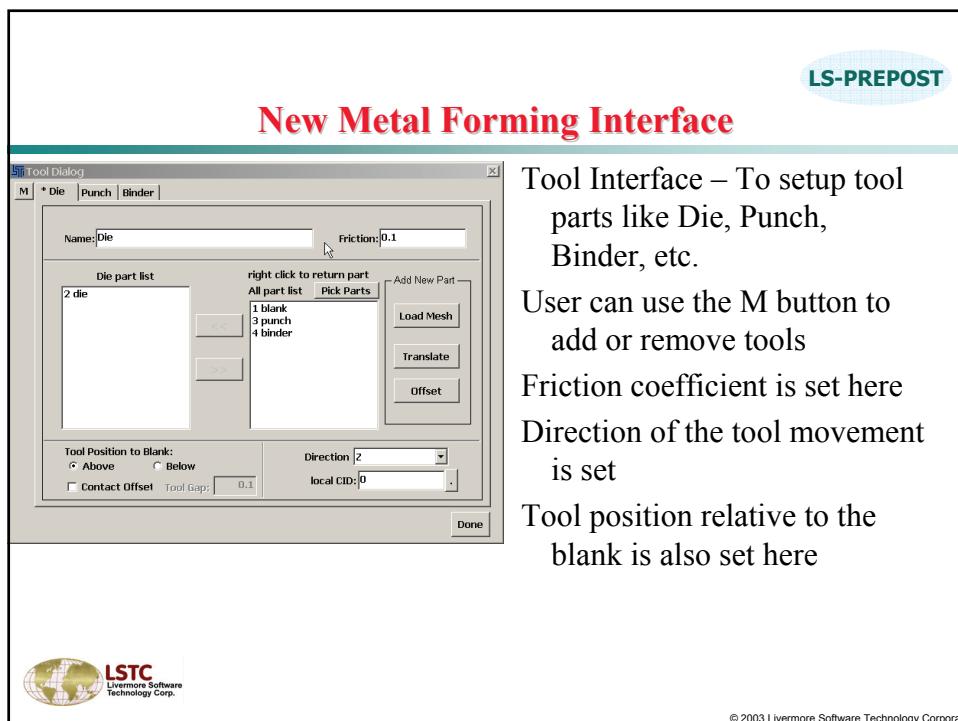
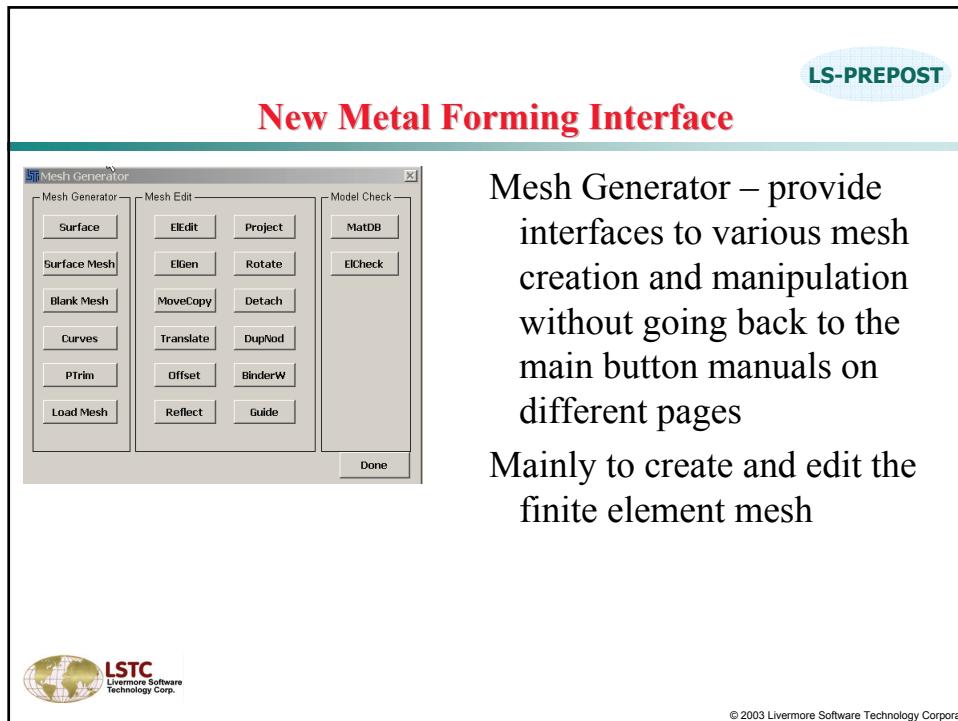
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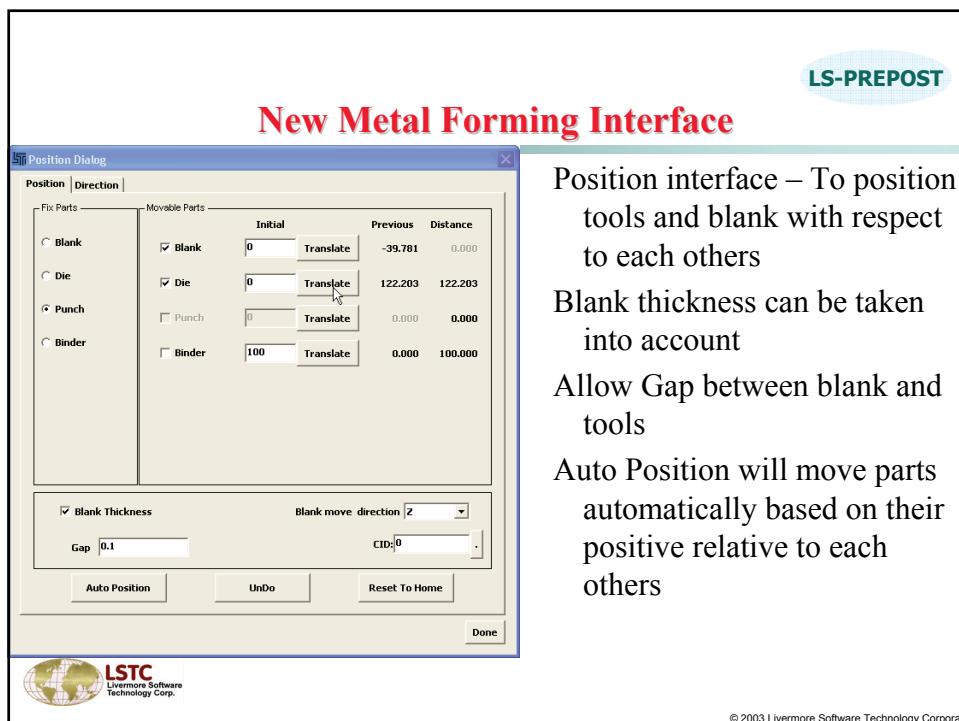
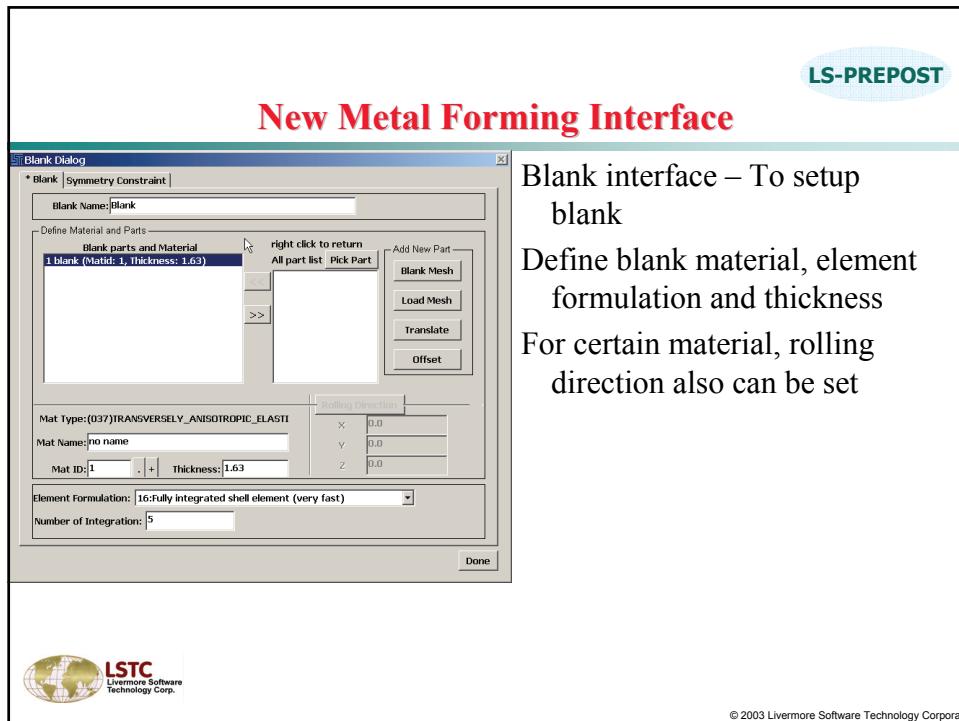


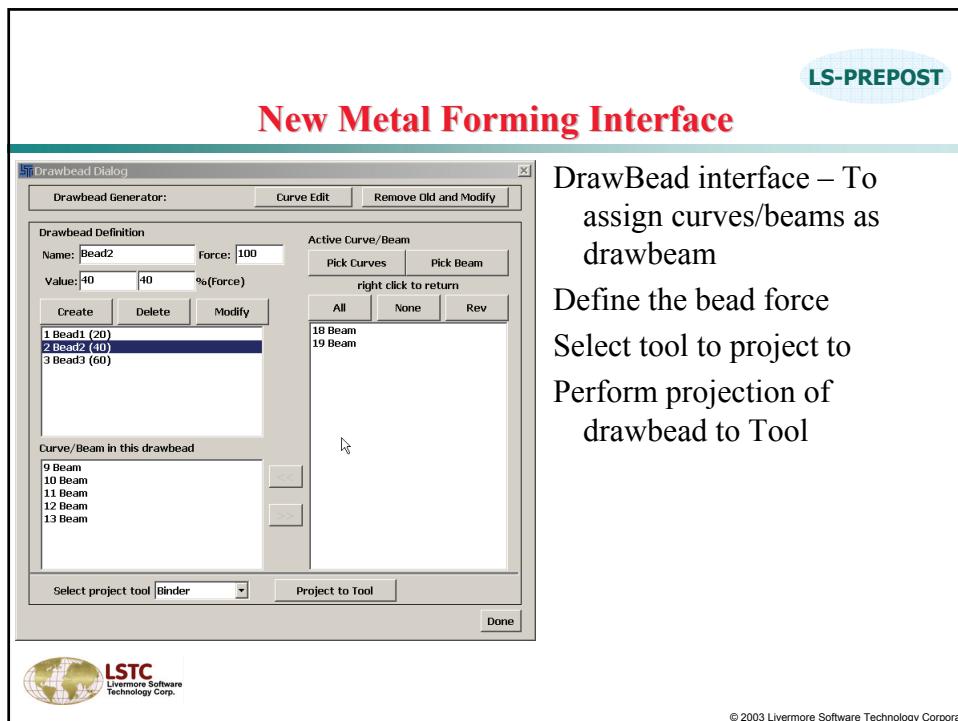




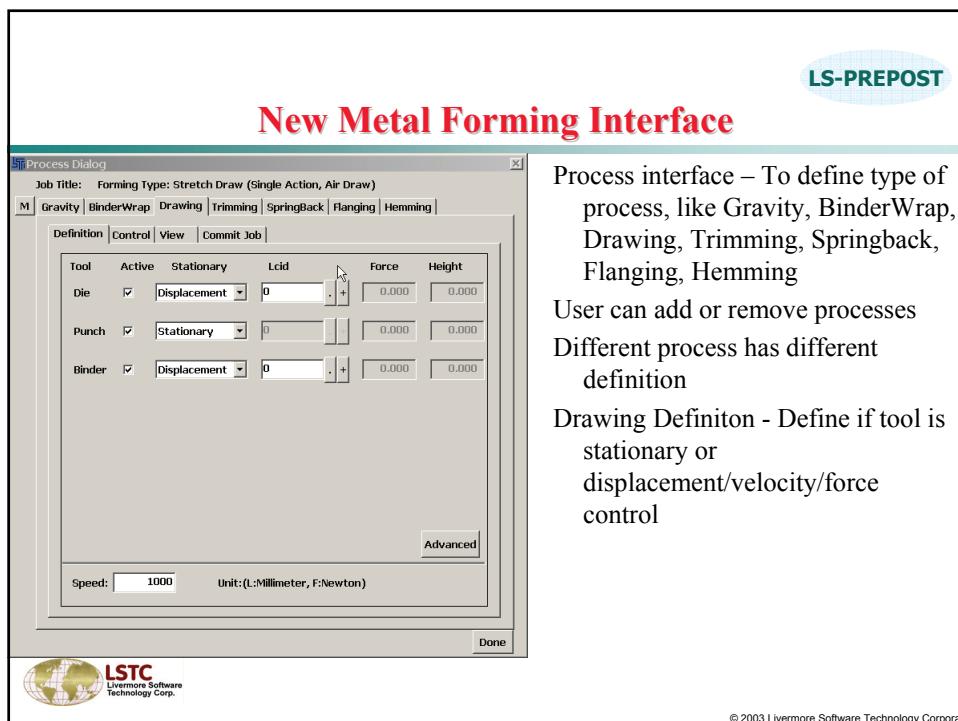




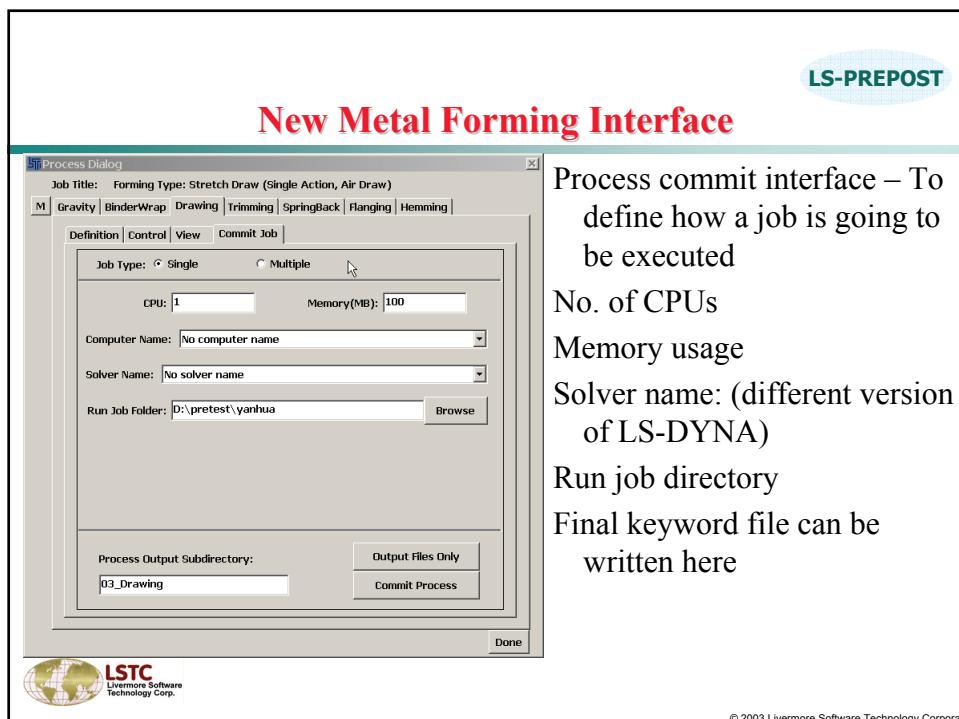
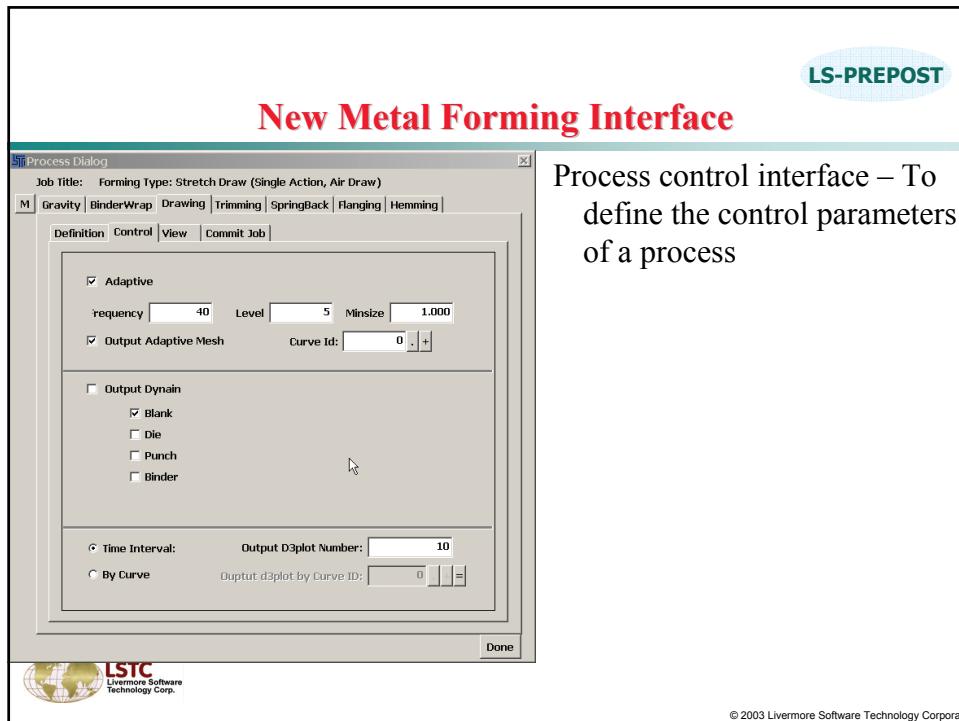




DrawBead interface – To assign curves/beams as drawbeam  
Define the bead force  
Select tool to project to  
Perform projection of drawbeam to Tool



Process interface – To define type of process, like Gravity, BinderWrap, Drawing, Trimming, Springback, Flanging, Hemming  
User can add or remove processes  
Different process has different definition  
Drawing Definition - Define if tool is stationary or displacement/velocity/force control



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## Scripto

- **SCRIPTO** – stands for the scripting objects. It is a new tool that allows user to interface directly with LS-PREPOST through scripts
  - Re-design or Simplify the user interfaces
  - Re-group or re-organize the functions available in the LS-PREPOST
  - Integrate with other application to introduce new capabilities to LS-PREPOST

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## SCRIPTO

- **SCRIPTO** – is a set of application programming interface (**API**) functions, that allows user to
  - Create new users interfaces
  - Interact with loaded models
  - Utilize mechanisms developed in the LS-PREPOST
- Scripts are developed in a C-like language and thus benefit those users that has C-language experience.
- Parsed scripts become part of the new running instance of LS-PREPOST.

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 LS-PREPOST

## Current and Future Developments

- ❑ Display failed spotwelds with fringing
- ❑ Fringe component data with local coordinate system
- ❑ Use expression (equations) in command file and macro commands
- ❑ Fringe component data with equation expression
- ❑ User defined equation expression for history data operations
- ❑ More geometry data creation and manipulation
- ❑ Block meshing based on index space mapping
- ❑ More LS-DYNA data checking and cleaning

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